

# Jacksonville

# Republican

ESTABLISHED JAN. 21, 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA. SATURDAY, DEC. 4, 1886.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

## TEXAS ITEMS.

FOR REPUBLICAN:—As I have moments spare time to-night let your readers hear from Lone Star" state again.

I will pardon me when I say that as yet I have no desire to return to the east, notwithstanding I could very greatly enjoy myself in old Calhoun for a few days.

I know that Alabamians are to say when any one writes that he is satisfied in Texas; "He is to get some one else to go to Texas." I am located in Calhoun county, for the present, and teaching. I am well pleased with my school so far.

As is a very good farming country, but if I proposed to make money by farming I should go to the black land. The land there is more easily cultivated and produces much better. I don't like the black mud and as I can get as much here as I can there will not be surprised at my going the sand.

It is claimed that it cost so much to build in Texas. That is true on prairies where lumber costs \$1.50 to \$2.00 per one hundred feet, but here I can buy first lumber at 75 and second class lumber at 50 cents per hundred. Shingles are delivered, first-class \$2.25 second class at \$1.00 per thousand.

Furniture, hardware and dry-goods are generally a little higher than in the east. Milk is higher, horses and mules at the same.

Think society here will compare favorably with any part in our country.

I have seen no "outlaws" nor "thugs" yet. Some think that on must always be on the out to keep some Texan from doing all he has. That may be true in some places, but here I never lock their smoke pipes. Alabama can't say as much. I have actually seen where there was no smoke house. They had taken up an old goods box for the door and use it for a smoke house. This may be the case everywhere makes plenty to

live on.

This is the best fruit country I ever saw. Apples and peaches grow in the woods. Hogs are getting fat in the woods. One said he had lost a fortune a year by not having hogs to fatten on the acorns.

Improved land can be bought for \$10 per acre. Unimproved land for \$5 per acre. Plenty of land in the country that would produce better than three fourths of the land in cultivation in Calhoun county.

One would ask, "Why is the country not settled up if it is like this?" I answer, it is because it is so settled up very fast.

Like the school laws of Texas are more than of Alabama, and the law pays more to the child. The law in which I am teaching 60 children within the scholastic age, (8 to 16) and the public pays \$300 this year. Mr. Editor, get more locals in the Republic and send it on. I am glad to get it because I am from home. Well, if you are of this I will stop for this time by subscribing myself, yours respectfully, I. V. JOLLY.

MUST NOT FOR ANYTHING.

The Oxford correspondent of the Talladega Advance says:

A year ago Oxford was a "knot" of it grew, and grew, until it was "ten feet square." Now, it is a precious dear sweet little town and must not for anything be cut into a county with the Republic of Talladega county.

Not by your strength, but by honor." Not because I hate Oxford less. But because I love it more.

Four days' absence of his wife has led a Colorado man, from the Portland Oregonian, to publish a card giving notice that "if the sheriff comes for my wife again he had better bring a posse with him, for my gun is loaded and I will not hesitate to use it."

Some Connecticut factories like a ton of pins per day.

## BONANZAS.

### WONDERFUL STORIES OF SOUTHERN DEVELOPMENT.

A Suit of Clothes That Cost \$16,000.—The Rapid Rise in Sheffield Realty.—A New Industry in Birmingham.—Tiny Rucker's Enthusiasm.—In the Bowles of North Georgia.

Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. Hugh L. Inman, of this city, is wearing a \$16,000 suit of clothes. The suit cost him only \$2,500 cash, but it now stands him in for 16,000 and is still rising. It things go on as now it will be worth \$100,000 before he has to patch it.

As the suit is a common pepper and salt judiciously mixed, with ordinary cut away coat, it may interest some one to know how it came to cost so much. During the last boom Mr. Inman paid \$2,500 cash for some stock in the Sheffield improvement company. After the drop in the price of the stock which followed Mr. Inman's failure, Mr. Inman, in disgust, traded his holdings to Mr. Bob Richards, for a suit of clothes.

The stock which Mr. Richards picked up for this trifling sum is now worth \$16,000, and as the Weekly Constitution circulation, is increasing at the rate of a thousand a week. The history of Sheffield is a strange one. Alderman Charlie Collier invested \$2,000 in Sheffield stock three years ago. He could have closed it out yesterday evening for \$19,000. As matters stand \$100,000 has been invested in Sheffield. This includes the purchase of 3,000 acres of land and improvements. The first three days sale of land lots brought \$250,000 or three times the original capital. Some of this has been invested in public improvements.

The stock which cost twenty cents is now selling at 100. The 3,000 acres with the improvements that have been made from the original \$100,000 and the land sales, are now valued at \$1,900,000, or more than \$6,000 per acre. The population of Sheffield is about 500 souls.

What gives it this enormous prospective value?

Two iron furnaces building and six more under contract.

Two iron furnaces made Anniston a place of 6,000 people. Ten iron furnaces made Birmingham a city of 20,000 people.

Sheffield with a better site, higher altitude, a navigable river and eight furnaces under contract proposes to be as big as Birmingham and Anniston put together. Colonel E. W. Cole and his associates are bound by contract to spend \$500,000 in building six iron furnaces in Sheffield within the next two years, or three huge furnaces, each of double capacity of the six contemplated. Two furnaces are already in course of erection.

Messrs. Hill and Ensley, of Memphis, are rushing ahead with the railroad, that cutting through solid mountains of coal and iron, binds Sheffield to Birmingham, one hundred and twenty miles away. Colonel Cole and his company own 70,000 acres of coal land in the Black Warrior coal fields, and mountains of iron that are exhaustless in the largest sense of the word. Colonel Cole says:

"Ten million dollars capital could be commanded in a week for the improvement of Sheffield and its vicinity. It is the best iron center in the world and a great city must surely be built there."

"Will it surpass Birmingham?"

"Well, don't let us say that; but Sheffield has exhaustless beds of brown hematite ore, which produces fifty-four per cent of metal iron, while the red hematite of Birmingham produces forty-three per cent. The limestone for fluxing is at Sheffield's hands, while Birmingham sends forty-five miles to get it. St. Louis is the great iron market of the country. Steamers loaded at the furnace door in Sheffield with pig iron, will lay it in unbroken bulk at St. Louis, having transportation all the way—which Birmingham lacks. Birmingham will be a great city, but so will Sheffield. One not more surely than the other, iron can be made at Birmingham at less than ten dollars a ton and at Sheffield for less than at Birmingham, while it costs seventeen dollars a ton to make it in Pennsylvania. In ten years Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee, will control the iron market of America. Few men comprehend the enormous amount of capital and industry that is being poured into the iron industry of the south. This will fill the south with great cities. Atlanta, Nashville, Chattanooga and Memphis, no less than Sheffield and Birmingham, will profit by new and amazing growth."

In the meantime, Sheffield is yet in its swaddling clothes. An east Sheffield company has been organized, with \$25,000 capital, to improve and develop the outlying lands of Sheffield, which it has bought up by the hundreds of acres.

As to Birmingham, one tires of writing of its wonders. The Hon. T. W. Rucker, late of Athens, says he discovered a new industry in

Birmingham on his prospecting visit.

"I went to the post office to inquire for my mail. I found a string of from fifty to one hundred men sailing away from the general delivery box, each man taking his turn patiently. A friend said to me, 'You can't afford to wait half an hour, let me buy you a place in the line.' He tucked a little negro boy who was near the head of the procession and asked what he would take for his place. 'Fifteen cents,' the boy replied. 'I paid it and took his place.' He ran to the rear of the line and started up again. This is a regular industry. Negro boys get a place in the line and hold it until some impatient stranger buys them out. A place near the box is worth a quarter; a little further down fifteen cents, and near the tail only five cents. The boys make from a dollar to two dollars a day."

Mr. Rucker bought him a residence lot 100x150 feet for \$2,100. I asked him where it was located.

"Why out in the woods," he said; "and full of 'possums.' I bet there is a bushel of 'possums on it this very night."

I asked Mr. Rucker how long he had been in Birmingham before he determined to make it his home.

"I hadn't got ten feet from the depot, said he, 'before I determined to spend the rest of my life there.'"

Mr. Rucker says he asked Colonel Hanley if he did not think the price of real estate would drop. It is one of Colonel Hanley's peculiarities that he will never talk about Birmingham real estate until he gets on a corner and takes his hat off. He needs room, air and reverence when he approaches that subject.

"Drop" he says, "why it has hardly started up yet. It is going up, up, up, until it reaches the stars. It ain't half as high yet as land on Wall street in New York. It has got plenty of margin for growth."

Colonel Hanley sold a man \$200,000 worth of "possum" property in Birmingham at the rate of \$175 a front foot, and then offered to bet him a thousand dollars that in twelve months he could not find two mules in Birmingham that could pull the profit on a level street, measured in silver dollars.

But Alabama has no monopoly of a boom on her buried resources.

Among the Southern bonanzas, the north Georgia marble quarries are taking a leading part. Within the past three years fully a million dollars has been invested in marble quarries, machinery or cutting works. Train loads of marble are delivered at Marietta every day.

Mr. George R. Eager reports a remarkable discovery. He says:

"We were putting our diamond drill into the mountain in search of soapstone. We thought we had struck it and bored about two hundred feet deep. The core that we brought up was a rich and delicate green. We examined it carefully and found that it was marble of exquisite grain and color. The real verd antique that is so precious and so rare. We got a core eighteen feet in length without a flaw or flake in it. Develop it? Of course we will. There is no telling what it will be worth when our machinery reaches it."

Over in Polk county a company headed by Captain R. J. Lowry, owns a quarry of jet-black marble as fine in grain and fibre as Italian marble itself, and in exhaustless quantity. It is not improbable that five million dollars will be invested in marble quarrying in Georgia in less than five years and the annual output may surpass that sum.

In the meantime, let us remember that Atlanta has doubled her manufacturing industries in the past five years—that every phase of her business is prospering as never before—and that the next year will see at least three new lines of railroad added to her already splendid system. In the past six years nearly a thousand million dollars have been added to values in the twelve southern states. Atlanta has done her part in these tremendous movements and has received her reward.

A Mighty Petroleum Fountain.

Mr. Charles Marvin, writing to the Pall Mall Gazette, says:

The Russian newspapers just received contain a telegram from Baku announcing the greatest outburst of oil ever known. It runs thus: Baku, October 5.—At Tagieff's wells a fountain has commenced playing at the rate of 30,000 pounds of petroleum per hour. Its height is 244 ft. In spite of it being five versts from the town the petroleum sand is pouring upon the buildings and streets."

During the present year there have been seven embezzlements in Boston, which aggregated \$1,233,400.

## THE NEXT CONGRESS.

The Democrats have undoubtedly gained a senator from California as they have an undisputed majority on joint ballot in the legislature. They are entitled to the senator from Indiana and New Jersey, but exciting contests in the legislatures of both States may be looked for. The Democrats have two majority on joint ballot in the Indiana legislature, and this gives them, fairly, the choice of senator Jarrison, Republican, whose term expires on the 4th of March next. Now comes the rumor that the republicans, who control the lower house (the democrats having the Senate), propose to turn out six or ten democrats in order to give them a majority on joint ballot, and in this way secure the reelection of Senator Jarrison. This scheme would be a repitition of the work done by the lower house of congress, under the lead of Thad. Stevens, when three democrats were turned out of their seats in order to give the republicans a vote of two thirds to beat Andrew Johnson and his votes. The democrats who were turned out were as fairly and lawfully elected as any member of the entire house. The Indiana democrats, however, are confident and hopeful, but they are prepared for the most exciting times in the coming legislative session ever known in that State. The Tilden and Hayes contest will hardly bear comparison to the feeling likely to be aroused.

The New Jersey democrats have one majority on joint ballot with one or more contests pending. In one case where a vote was given a democrat by the board of canvassers, and on which he has a certificate, a judge has decided that the vote should not have been counted. This ruling would make the vote between the contestants a tie. The facts are that a ticket with the name of a Republican for the Legislature printed on it was handed in, but the voter had plainly written the name of the democrat on the ticket. The democrats show that invariably the writing of a name on a ticket has been held in that State as indicating intention to vote for that person and not for the one whose name was printed. He simply forgot to scratch out the printed name in this case and the vote was counted. He has the certificate and this gives the democrats one majority. The republicans will have to contest before a Democratic House.

If the democrats gain these three seats they will have thirty-seven votes in the next Senate, giving Riddiberger and Van Wyck to the republicans. It is doubtfully how the former will act, and on many questions the latter is more of a democrat than republican.

As to the House it is now conceded to be safely democratic. A carefully compiled table of the members elect shows that in the whole country by the recent elections the republicans have gained thirty-three districts of the democrats, one district to Labor men and one district vacant, a net republican gain of twelve districts, while the democrats have made a net loss of sixteen districts—fourteen to the republicans and two to the Labor men. In New England, with one district—the second Rhode Island—vacant, the democrats have gained five districts from the republicans and lost one district to them, a democratic gain of four districts. In the Middle States the republicans have gained seven districts from the democrats and lost four districts to them, a net republican gain of three districts. In the Western States the republicans have gained seventeen districts from the democrats and lost five districts to them, as well as one district to the Labor men, a net republican gain of eleven districts. In the Pacific States the democrats have gained one district from the republicans. In the Southern States the republicans have gained eight districts from the democrats, and lost four districts to them, while the democrats, in addition to making a net loss of four districts to the republicans, have lost to the Labor men. The democratic majority in the House is not less than ten, no matter how the few Labor or Greenback members vote. It is probably that they will vote an exception act with the democrats.

—Montgomery Advertiser.

Huntsville Mercury: "The Mercury is not now nor never has been parsimonious in its policy toward public officials. We favor the payment of liberal salaries—sufficient to command the best talent and qualifications. We do not favor, but we earnestly condemn any policy or mandarin sentimentality, that cries out in a whining way right at the beginning of a term of office for six years, that the salary is not enough and ought to be increased. It is not just and fair to the people and cannot be defended."

## THE TARIFF.

What Prominent Democratic Leaders Think of the Prospects of the Coming Session.

Boston, Nov. 28.—The Globe will print tomorrow an abstract of replies sent to that paper in answer to letters of inquiry sent to leading democratic congressmen asking what action congress should take on the tariff question in the coming session.

Congressman Collins says: "The attitude of the majority should be to press some scheme for the reduction to a vote under the operation of the previous question if possible."

Congressman Bragg, of Wisconsin writes from Fond du Lac: "Believing myself that a reduction of the tariff is essential to prosperity in business and to the country at large, I am in favor of keeping it constantly to the front until success attends the effort and a reasonable measure of commercial freedom is obtained."

Congressman Lovering writes from Washington: "Some measures of relief from enormous taxes by a revision of the tariff should be given to the country at the coming session of congress. But with a majority of seventeen in the present house (showing by its vote last spring) against any consideration of the subject, I am not much encouraged to look for any measure of practical relief on this important question by the present congress, nor can I see much to encourage the belief that the Fifth congress will do any better. I will venture the prediction that if any attempt is made to reduce the surplus revenue it will be rather by abolishing the internal revenue tax on whisky and tobacco than by reducing the tax upon the articles of prime necessity entering into the every-day consumption of the masses of the people."

Col. Morrison sends the following: "The attitude of the majority in the house this winter toward the tariff question should be that attitude which will best secure such a reduction that the tariff will yield all the revenue we need and no more, without removing the internal revenue tax on tobacco and liquors."

Mr. Mills of Texas says: "The democratic party ought to, and will, push the fight this winter for the reduction of the tariff. The people engaged in this fight are enlisted for the war."

A. S. Warner of Ohio says: "I think the majority party should favor a tariff on all products, in the production of which there is competition between this and other countries, sufficient to cover the difference in the cost of production arising out of the difference in the condition under which their production is carried on here and elsewhere. I have been pleading with the leaders of my party to assume a more aggressive policy."

Mr. Hiatt of Indiana says: "I saw, soon after the inauguration of President Cleveland, that his policy was going to run into the same channel with the republican policy. They are identical on the finance, on the tariff and on the land question. Cleveland is in opposition to any regulation of railroad freights, and, in a simple word, is a subletting of republicanism under democratic colors. With such a policy the great mass of the people have become disgusted, and thousands of democrats, to my knowledge, have voted the republican ticket to manifest their disapprobation of Cleveland's suicidal policy."

Martin B. Foran of Ohio believes in a "just, fair and reasonable revision and modification of the tariff, keeping always in view incidental protection as well as revenue."

The Legislature and Normal Schools.

The Normal School question is attracting considerable attention. It is pretty certain from the discussion so far, that the present schools will be improved instead of abolished. The likelihood is that another will be established giving one to East and Southeast Alabama. The committees on education are favorable to normal schools. At their request a number of persons have appeared before them to answer questions and give information about normal schools. Prof. Powers of normal college at Florence was before the House committee on Saturday night. He is one of the best normal teachers in Alabama and one of the best informed men on general educational subjects.

The committee on education yesterday made a unanimous report adverse to the bills abolishing the normal schools.—Montgomery Advertiser

The greatest enemy to children is worms. Shiner's Indian Vermifuge will save them from ruin. Only 25 cents a bottle. Try it.

## ALABAMA NEWS ITEMS.

FROM ALL PARTS OF ALABAMA.

Sheffield stock is worth \$1.00. Calhoun real estate is still on a boom.

Pollard is to have a \$11,000 water mill.

An ice factory will soon be started at Talladega.

Another gold mine has been found in Tallapoosa county.

Horses recently sold at auction a Troy from \$5 to \$25.

A colored woman 116 years old lived in Barbour county last week.

Lands lying one mile from Sheffield recently sold for \$250 per acre.

A new Methodist parsonage has been erected at Larkinsville, Jackson county.

The Marion Standard, a weekly paper published at Marion, is offered for sale.

A child aged about six years was burned to death near Rockford last week.

Two ninnies killed forty-on squirrels in one day in Lowndes county last week.

The Abbeville Times says every body who left that section last year for Texas is returning.

A large quantity of beef, cattle pork, etc., are shipped from Blount county to Birmingham every week.

A man in Marengo county will fight mules and twenty hands made only five bales of cotton this year.

The cotton crop in Colbert county is said to be the best since 1879 and the corn crop the best since the war.

Alabama gold is said to be purer and finer in quantity than either in Georgia, South Carolina or Arkansas.

An effort is being made to organize a dry dock at Mobile with a 2,000 ton capacity. It will cost \$100,000.

Alabama has 340 saw mills with annual output of \$3,250,000, and twenty one lime kilns turn out 2,100 barrels daily.

It is surmised that the M. & C. railroad is making arrangements to build the shops of the road at Sheffield, with a branch around Tusculum.

Col. Jno. G. Cullman, the founder of the Cullman colony, has just returned from an extended visit to Germany. Previous to going to Germany he had not seen his family in twenty-five years.

The young ladies of Tusculum have organized a society, the object of which is that they will refrain from making unkind remarks about one another, upon the penalty of one cent fine for each offence.

The churches and schools of Tusculum are prospering.

J. H. Watts escaped from the Somerville jail last week. He locked the jailer in, and carried the key with him.

J. V. Kersey died in Birmingham from an over dose of morphine, but whether taken accidentally or otherwise is a mystery.

The Tusculum Times wants clearer statutes on the property and rights of married women in this state.

Mr. Sam Pinny of Greenville was killed accidentally while out logging, last Friday week.

Two gin houses were accidentally burned in Perry county last week, and over twenty in the state in less than two months.

The Chilton View has entered upon its sixth year. Its platform is pithy and pointed: "We are opposed to the devil in whatever shape, form, color or circumstances we find him."

The hogs in the vicinity of Evergreen are dying with cholera.

The people of Sumter county want a law to protect their game.

An amateur dramatic company has been organized in Calera.

Cattle are dying in Russell county, from what some people suppose to be hydrophobia.

The people of Perry and Marengo counties are preparing petitions to the legislature asking for prohibition.

The annual session of the Alabama conference of the Methodist Episcopal church south will convene in Montgomery, December 17th.

A lady in Coffee county recently gave birth to four babies, two boys and two girls. They are all living and doing finely.—Baldwin Thins.

## TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

A Man Kills His Brother-in-Law and Wife and is Shot.

Special to the Advertiser.

GADSDEN, Nov. 29.—I have just been informed of the occurrence on yesterday, at Irondale, of the most horrible tragedy on record. Baldwin, ex foreman of the bridge gang on the A. G. S. road, visited Irondale, to get his wife to return to Mississippi. While there he became engaged in a difficulty with his brother-in-law, Brevard Moore. Baldwin was shot twice in the face and leg. Moore was killed during the shooting. Baldwin's wife was shot in the neck. She is not expected to live. Baldwin is dangerously wounded, and is in the Birmingham jail. Family troubles brought on the difficulty. All parties are well connected.

## ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Special to the Advertiser.

BIRMINGHAM, Nov. 29.—A murderous family fight occurred yesterday at Irondale, six miles east of the city. W. A. Baldwin, a bridge milder from Vicksburg, married a woman named Moore of that neighborhood. He has been living here out last week went to his old home and getting a job there decided to move back right away. Returning or his wife he found she had gone to her father's. He went out for her and according to his account he was pleased when he told her of his intention of moving, but while he was gone to get a wagon to bring her to town three men of the neighborhood came in to see her and when he came back she said that so far from going she meant to leave him. This provoked a row in which her brother, A. B. Moore, took her side, pulling a pistol and shooting Baldwin in the neck, the ball grazing her neck. Baldwin caught his wife as she fell and returned the fire almost simultaneously. After several shots on each side Moore fell dead and Baldwin was taken into the house with a bullet in his leg. Baldwin had a hearing before a justice of the peace and was brought to town and jailed. His wounds are not serious.

## Black Wolf.

Or Black Leprosy is a disease which is considered incurable, but it has yielded to the curative properties of Swift's Specific—now known all over the world as S. S. S. Mrs. Bailey, of West Somerville, Mass., near Boston, was attacked several years ago with this hideous black eruption, and was treated by the best medical talent, who could only say that the disease was a species of Leprosy and consequently incurable. It is impossible to describe her sufferings. Her body from the crown of her head to the soles of her feet was a mass of decay, the flesh rotting off and leaving great cavities. Her fingers festered and several nails dropped off at one time. Her limbs contracted by the fearful ulceration, and for years she did not leave her bed. Her weight was reduced from 125 to 60 lbs. Some faint idea of her condition can be gleaned from the fact that three pounds of Cosmo-line or ointment were used per week in dressing her sores. Finally the physicians acknowledged their defeat by this Black Wolf, and commended the sufferer to her all-wise Creator.

Her husband hearing wonderful reports of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) prevailed on her to try it as a last resort. She began it under protest, but soon found that her system was being relieved of the poison, as the sores assumed a red and healthy color, as though the blood was becoming pure and active. Mrs. Bailey continued the S. S. S. until last February; every sore was healed; she discarded chair and crutches, and was for the first time in 12 years a well woman. Her husband, Mr. C. A. Bailey, is in business at 173 Blackstone Street, Boston, and will take pleasure in giving the details of this wonderful cure. Send us for Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

The Swin's Specific Co., Drawer 3 Atlanta, Ga.

## Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., says: "We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Bucklen's Arnica Salve, for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always. Sold by W. M. Nesbet. Kol."

Cluverius, the condemned Richmond murderer, has so little anticipation of execution that he has had his teeth placed in good order by a dentist.







# HOLIDAY GOODS!

A REGULAR JUMBO. NO BABY ELEPHANT SHOP.

# Republican.

Bro., of Talladega and  
ave now \$12,000 worth  
and Shoes, Hats and  
nd, from the finest to  
which they will sell  
rises for the Money.  
I must sell out before  
6. **Women business.**

Fine lot of Jeans and Jeanes  
just received at A. L. Stew  
& Bro.

Tobacco and Cigars in town. |

J. F. BEAL. 25

ents a bottle. Apr 21, 8m

51-20 11/21/51

known  
place  
D. C. Savage, Trustee.







ESTABLISHED JAN. 21, 1837.

JACKSONVILLE, CALHOUN COUNTY, ALA., SATURDAY, DEC. 11, 1886.

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR.

OLD 86 TO THE ANNISTON WATCHMAN.

DEARMANVILLE, ALA., Dec. '86.

Ed. REPUBLICAN:—Will you allow me space in your valuable paper to call the attention of our people to a subject that is of vital importance to the agricultural portion of our country.

The gentleman who has recently taken charge of the Anniston Watchman says that we are in favor of protection. In this he is certainly mistaken. For the farming people of the South to be in favor of high tariff is simply ridiculous. He talks in the Watchman as if the salvation of the 7th Congressional district depended on the prosperity of Anniston. He has raised his bristles and "boomed" at Forney because he did not take off his hat and bow to Anniston and say: "What will you have me to do." In his wrath he threatens to defeat him two years hence if he can, and now he accuses the war whoop and rushes of Senator Morgan, because, as he says, he does not live in the State. We have understood that the Editor of the Watchman came from Georgia and has been here only a few months. If this is so, he certainly has taken in Alabama and its affairs very quick; and if he continues at the rate he is traveling now, he will be able to take the place of Morgan and Forney both. We do not blame the Woodstock Iron and Steel companies or any other parties that are interested in iron to be in favor of a protective tariff; but the Southern people are farmers, and the Watchman man never has and never will show where, when or how, protection has benefited the farmer. It may be possible that away on in the shadowy future our posterity will need protection. Let them have it. What they will do affects us just about as much as the telephone and other modern improvements does Geo. Washington and the dead heroes that sleep with him. Suppose England should take it into her head to give the farmers of the South several million dollars' worth of machinery, goods, cutlery &c? Would there be any good sense in our Government interfering and saying "no, if you do this my factories will have to stop; my farmers must get these things at home and pay for them too?" Well this is exactly what England does wish to do, that is, save us millions of dollars, by bringing us cheap goods and exchanging them for our cotton. If she could do this, the price of cotton would go up and farming would pay; the South would rise again in her beauty and power; labor would flock to the farms, and our factories and iron works would be forced to pay better wages to get labor at all. We asked the Watchman among other things if it helped a poor man any to pay him seventy-five cents per day and then take twenty-five away from him at night? That our direct or indirect tariff taxes amount to one-third of what we make, none will deny. He refused to answer any questions in this direction; and now, like an old hen, he flies at Mr. Curry and says his bill will hurt Anniston. He thinks the transient workmen, who come and go at Anniston, will favor protection. He wants to be the connecting link between the Atlanta Constitution and the Birmingham Age and thus stretch the iron chain of protection across our beautiful farms. Don't oh, d-o-n't do this, Mr. Watchman. The chain would be too weak in the middle; it might break and hurt somebody.

Before closing I would like to ask the Watchman a few questions partly for information, but mainly that our next national convention and our congressman may have the benefit of his wisdom. To the Watchman: What wages does the average farmer make per day? Could the Iron men or manufacturers subsist without the farmers? If everything is looking to the farmers for a support, would it not be well to look to their interest first? What would Anniston be without our cotton? If we can sell our goods to China what do we want protection for? Does

the demand for cotton govern the price? Is the price of iron governed by the demand?

OLD 86.

## FROM THE FAR WEST.

A Terrible Explosion—The Indians on their Annual Hunt—The Beautiful Snow—The Thermometer on a Bender.

WHITE ROCK, UTAH, Nov. 24.

ED. REPUBLICAN:—

Day before yesterday, about 11 a. m. our little burg was thrown into sudden consternation by a terrific explosion and thunder-like jar. The large 40 horse-power boiler used in running the grist and saw mills, burst in twain, one portion going east and the other west. The huge two story building, although splendidly constructed of heavy heart timbers and thoroughly braced throughout, was badly wrecked and rendered almost wholly worthless. The mill was only twenty steps in rear of our dwelling, a narrow road separating it from the fence inclosing our back yard. A portion of the boiler weighing two tons or more after crashing its way through the heavy timbers in the mill and tearing down a portion of our fence passed across the lot within a very few feet of our hen-house and buried itself in the frozen ground and snow a hundred yards from where it started. The old boiler was known to be unsafe and the pressure of steam was never allowed to go beyond 70 or 80 pounds, at which points no danger was apprehended. The mill was being run by soldiers in getting out lumber for the new Fort just south of here. There were seven or eight persons in and around the mill when the explosion occurred, and while all were more or less injured, with one exception, strange to say none were killed outright. The engineer was in the boiler-room at work on the pump and how he escaped being torn into shreds no one who has viewed the situation can comprehend. He was badly scared, from head to foot and severely gashed in many places; he was also badly burned internally from inhalation of steam and is in a critical condition. Little hopes are entertained of his recovery. The machinery was fortunately not in motion at the time or the damage would have been much greater. Three soldiers were cut and otherwise injured by flying debris, as was also two of the Agency employees. One man was at work on the saw within ten feet of the head of the boiler and one half of the ponderous machine went crashing through the timbers immediately above him and he was uninjured—not even scratched. The writer left the mill only about two minutes before the awful accident happened. He went in to procure an axe and was chopping wood at the rear side of his house with in a few feet of the mill when the explosion took place. We are all profoundly thankful that the results, which are serious to be sure, are no worse. The disaster could hardly have come at a more opportune time. There has scarcely been a day when several of the Agency attaches have not been in the mill standing about the machinery, and it is cause for congratulation that such was not the case at the time of the awful catastrophe. The wounded men were taken to my office where they received the necessary medical attention; from there they were removed to a comfortable room, where they remained until ambulances arrived to take them to the post. Up to this time there have been no deaths and all the injured are doing reasonably well.

Were the fellow who sang "Beautiful Snow" to come this way just now he would speedily get all the sentiment knocked out of him by the object of his ebullitions. Yes we have plenty of snow—about one foot deep and still falling. It is no rarity here, coming as frequently and staying as long as it pleases. The thermometer has been on a regular "bender" the past two weeks. Ten days ago, contrary to precedent it went below zero. Its biggest spree

will be about one month hence when it will pay its respects to 15 to 25 degrees below zero, giving one a remote idea of the exhilarating pleasures of arctic explorations.

Many of our Indians are off on the annual hunt. The adjacent mountains are pretty well stocked with game, such as deer, bear, mountain lion, coyote, fox &c., and their pelts bring ready money. Deer have been and are still killed by thousands, the only or prime object being to procure the hides, the flesh being left for wolves and other wild animals. So great has been the wholesale butchery of these quadrupeds that most of the territories and states west have passed prohibitory or game laws. But these are evaded or ignored and tons of choice game flesh continue to be annually "thrown to the dogs." It will be but a few years hence when the deer will follow the once countless buffalo into annihilation; and who will say the Red man will not follow close upon the heels of the deer to a similar destiny.

We expect in a few days, if the cold and snow do not blockade us, to make a hurried visit to Salt Lake city. Should such expectations be realized we shall attempt ere long to give your readers some glimpses of that great center of mormonism.

B. D. WILLIAMS.

N. B.—We have just learned through a soldier from the Fort, that Murphy, the engineer is dead. Poor fellow, no one can imagine what he suffered! Since he must die, far better it would have been that he be killed outright. The rest of the wounded are doing tolerably well.

B. D. W.

## Letter from Texas.

HONEY GROVE, TEX. Nov. 29.

Mr. Ed.—I will give you a few items from this part of the West as I see it. I arrived here, at Honey Grove, Fannin county, on the 10th of November, and find one of the best countries, I think, in the world. It is very rich. Black land and is very level. It makes, on an average, about 12 hundred pounds of seed cotton to the acre and 40 to 50 bushels of corn. Land is worth from \$10 to \$50 per acre, owing to the improvements and location. It is as healthy as any part of Alabama. The people use sifter water. Some few deep wells. The best of society. Good schools and all kinds of churches. The people are very kind. Money plentiful. Wages good. Labor is from \$15 to \$20 on the farm. Good prices for stock. Horses from \$50 to \$200; mules the same. Cows from \$15 to \$50 with calves; meat, 8c; meal 60c to 75c; flour from \$2 to \$4 per hundred; cotton from 6c to 8c; corn 40c to 50c.

J. T. P.

## A Reformatory.

Some such bill as that introduced by Mr. Smith of Shelby should meet the approval of the Legislature. Mr. Smith's bill proposes to establish a reformatory for convicts, and to use the old penitentiary at Wetumpka. All convicts are admissible who are not sentenced for over five years or for incest or rape. The Governor is given power to select those and to take them away. Superintendents, guards and teachers are to be employed. The Board of Inspectors or anybody else that may succeed them, will have general supervision. The inmates are to be taught trades and gainful occupations. The expense is to come from the convict fund in the State Treasury. The bill, in short, proposes to reform convicts instead of making them hardened criminals, and makes the convicts pay the expense.—Mobile Register.

## Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of Mr. J. E. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. King's New Discovery he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at W. M. Nisbet's.

## CLOVERIUS' STATEMENT.

HE MAKES HIS FINAL PLEA FOR LIFE.

Tells What He Did, Where He Went and What He Saw on the Day and Night of the Murder—He Thinks His Cousin Killed Himself.

RICHMOND, VA., Dec. 4.—The long expected statement of Cloverius, the convicted murderer of Fanny Lillian Madison, was filed with Gov. Lee to-night by his brother, William L. Cloverius. It simply detailed the history of his movements on the day and night of the 18th of March, 1885, when the murder was committed. In addition to Cloverius' statement he sent to the Governor his personal review of the evidence in the case to show that there was not sufficient proof of murder having been committed, but that the death of Miss Madison was the result of suicide, and he attributed his conviction largely to the popular clamor. The prisoner also filed with the Governor several affidavits of jurors, declaring that they did not know that they could find a verdict of murder in the second degree. Also an affidavit that F. A. Howell, one of the jurors, had declared before being summoned as a juror that he, (the prisoner) should be hung. Accompanying these papers was a letter from the father and mother of the prisoner, appealing in pathetic terms to the governor to exercise his executive clemency toward their son.

The following is the text of Cloverius' statement:

"Statement of my movements in Richmond during the day and night of March 13, 1885: I left the Davis house about 9 o'clock in the morning and went on Main street. Saw Mr. H. R. Pollard, and after about five or ten minutes talk with him I went to the Morgan restaurant on Broad street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, to get breakfast. Came back to Ninth and Bank streets a little after ten and went to the Bankrupt Court office. Met a gentleman I did not know, who told me the clerk was not in. I went then up to the State library as the most convenient place to get a city directory, to try if I could find the address of two gentlemen (Wm. Wood and R. W. Baker) who had an interest in a tract of land in my county that Mr. Bray wanted to buy, he thinking they lived here. Coming out on the steps of the capitol I got in casual conversation with one of the guards, who told me of Governor Cameron's losing a horse a short time before. This was about 11 o'clock; went from there to Grigg's shoe store, at Eighth and Main streets, to get a pair of shoes, and my aunt carried the shoes to my room in the Davis House; got there about 11:30; went to my room and put the shoes in my satchel. After I came to the reading room I stayed there awhile; wrote a check on the Planters National Bank for \$2 (amount of due bill at Davis House); left there about 12 o'clock and went to the bank and got the money; went from there to the bankrupt court again. This time I saw the porter, who told me that the clerk was sick and that he had the office key and knew nothing about the papers. I went to the money order department in the postoffice (about 12:15 to 12:30) to see if I could get a money order to Aylett, had to wait for two persons before me to get there and then examined the books and found that Aylett's was not a money order office. As I was leaving the office (between 12:30 and 1 o'clock) I met and spoke to Mr. B. W. Henly. I went from there to Lumsden & Tond, jewelers, before Eight and ninth streets, on Main, to call for a breastpin I had brought over for Mrs. Dr. J. E. Bland and left there to have fixed. Coming back I met a college mate named Harrison, attorney at law, about 1 o'clock, on the north corner of Eleven and Main streets. We went together into Schaems' (corner of Eleven and Main). Had a glass of mineral water and a smoke. Stayed there near half an hour talking over college days, etc. Parting there, I went to a restaurant next to the Dispatch office. There I met Mr. Lipscomb, of King William county, in company with Dr. Whitting, of West Point, and got dinner. Left there between 1:30 and 2 o'clock and went to the dime museum where I saw T. P. Bagley. Left there about 5 or 5:30 o'clock at the close of the performance and went up Seventh street above Broad street to a barber shop and got shaved. Coming back, I bought a copy of the States on the street. Came to the Davis House and went in the dining room. Read also New York papers there. Went to my room brushed my hair, etc. I came down got supper and left at 8 o'clock. Went to Ford's Hotel to see if Pollard was there. I wanted to see him as he was looking after some papers in the bankrupt court that

I wanted. He was not stopping there. I went to the St. Claire Hotel to find him, knowing he had stopped at both hotels while in the Legislature. Not finding him, went around to the dime museum; got there after the performance began and stayed until close, and as I was passing out in the crowd saw Bernard Henly with another young man. Spoke to Henly but did not shake hands, my attention being drawn just then to the falling of a little child in the crowd. I went from there to Morgan's restaurant; had fried oysters, also a box of fried oysters fixed up for lunch next morning. Came back to the Davis House between 11:30 and 12 o'clock eat, an apple with Davis, paid my bill and went to bed; was called after 5 next morning and left the hotel for the depot about 6 o'clock. There I met with Capt. A. Bagley, Dr. Whiting and others, and left the city with them about 7 o'clock.

This is a statement of my movements during the day and night of the 13th of March, 1885, with the people that I saw. I am willing to stand on it, for believing that at some day, be it early or be it late, I must stand before the judgment throne of Almighty God, I can say my hands are clean and my conscience clear. (Signed) THOMAS J. CLOVERIUS.

## THE PRESIDENT ON THE TARIFF.

In his Message to Congress Monday, the President thus speaks out on the tariff:

In my last annual message to the Congress attention was directed to the fact that the revenues of the government exceeded its actual needs, and it was suggested that legislative action should be taken to relieve the people of unnecessary burden of taxation thus made apparent. In view of the pressing importance of the subject I deem it my duty to again urge its consideration. The income of the government by its increased volume and thorough economies in its collection, is now more than ever in excess of public necessities. The application of the surplus to the payment of such portion of the public debt as is now at our option subject to extinguishment, if continued at the rate which has lately prevailed, would retire that class of indebtedness within less than one year from this date. Thus a continuation of our present revenue system would soon result in the receipt of an annual income much greater than necessary to meet the government expenses with no indebtedness upon which it could be applied. We should then be confronted with a vast quantity of money, the circulating medium of the people, hoarded in the treasury, when it should be in their hands, or we should be drawn into wasteful public extravagance with all the corrupting demoralization which follows in its train.

But it is not the simple existence of this surplus and its threatened attendant evils, which furnish the strongest arguments against our present scale of federal taxation. Its worst phase is the exaction of such a surplus through a perversion of the relations between the people and their government, and a dangerous departure from the rules which limit the right of federal taxation.

Good government, and especially the government of which every American citizen boasts, has for its object the protection of every person within its care the greatest liberty consistent with good order and his perfect security in the enjoyment of his earnings with the least possible diminution for public needs. When more of the people's substance is exacted than is necessary to meet the just obligations of the government and the expense of its economical administration, such exaction becomes ruthless extortion and a violation of the fundamental principles of free government.

The indirect manner in which these exactions are made has a tendency to conceal their true character and their intent. But we have arrived at a stage of superfluous revenue, which has aroused the people to a realization of the fact that the amount raised professedly for the support of the government is paid by them, as absentee, if added to the price of the things which supply their daily wants, as if it was paid at fixed periods into the hands of the tax gatherer.

Those who toil for daily wages are beginning to understand that capital, though sometimes vaunting its importance and favor of the government, is dull and sluggish till, touched by the magical hand of labor, it springs into activity, furnishing an occasion for Federal taxation and gaining the value which enables it to bear its burden, and the laboring man is thoughtfully inquiring whether, in these circumstances and consider-

ing the tribute he constantly pays to the public treasury as he supplies his daily wants, he receives his fair share of advantages.

There is also a suspicion abroad that the surplus of our revenues indicated abnormal and exceptional business profits, which, under the system which produces such a surplus, increase without corresponding benefit to the people at large, the vast accumulations of a few of our citizens whose fortunes, rivaling the wealth of the most favored anti-democratic nations, are not the natural growth of a steady, plain, and industrious republic.

Our farmers, too, and those engaged directly and indirectly in supplying the products of agriculture, see that day by day and as often as the daily wants of their households recur, they are forced to pay excessive and needless taxation while their products struggle in foreign markets with the competition of nations which, by allowing a freer exchange of products than we permit, enable their people to sell for prices which distress the American farmer.

As every citizen rejoices in the constantly increasing pride of the people in American citizenship and in the glory of our national achievements and progress, a sentiment prevails that the leading strings useful to a nation in its infancy, may be useless in the present stage of American ingenuity, courage and fearless self reliance, and for the privilege of indulging this sentiment with true American enthusiasm our citizens are quite willing to forego an idle surplus in the public treasury, and all know the importance of preparing in time of peace for war, but the tax upon some articles of necessary consumption is actually more than was imposed by the previous burden, willingly borne, at a time when the government needed millions to maintain by war the safety and integrity of the Union.

It has been the policy of the government to collect the principal part of its revenues by a tax upon imports, and no change in this policy is desirable, but the present condition of affairs constrains our people to demand that by a revision of our revenue laws, the receipts of the government shall be reduced to the necessary expense of its economical administration, and this demand should be recognized and obeyed by the people's representatives in the legislative branch of the government.

In readjusting the burdens of federal taxation a sound public policy requires that such of our citizens that have built up large and important industries under present conditions should not be suddenly, and to their injury, deprived of the advantages to which they have adapted their business; but, if the public good requires it, they should be content with such consideration as shall deal fairly and cautiously with their interest, while the just demand of the people for relief from needless taxation is honestly answered. A reasonable and timely submission to such a demand should certainly be possible without a disastrous shock to any interests and a cheerful concession sometimes averts abrupt and heedless action, often the outgrowth of impatience and delayed justice. Due regard should be also accorded any proposed readjustment to the interests of American labor so far as they are involved. We congratulate ourselves that there is among us no laboring class fixed with unyielding bonds and doomed under all conditions to the inexorable fate of daily toil. We recognize in labor the chief factor in the wealth of the republic and we treat those who have it in their keeping as citizens entitled to the most careful regard and thoughtful attention. This regard and attention should be awarded them, not only because labor is the capital of our workingmen, justly entitled to its share of the government favor, but for the further and not less important reason that the laboring man, surrounded by his family in his humble home, as a consumer is vitally interested in all that cheapens the cost of living and enables him to bring with in his domestic circle additional comforts and advantages. This relation of the working man to the revenue law of the country and the manner in which it palpably influences the question of wages, should not be forgotten in the justifiable prominence given to the proper maintenance of the supply and protection of well paid labor, and these considerations suggest such an arrangement of government revenues as shall reduce the expense of living, while it does not curtail the opportunity for work, nor reduce the compensation of American labor and injuriously affect its condition and the dignified place it holds in the estimation of our people.

But our farmers and agriculturists, those who from the soil produce the things consumed by all,

are perhaps more directly and plainly concerned than any other of our citizens, in a just and careful system of federal taxation. Those actually engaged in and more remotely connected with this kind of work, number nearly one half of our population. None labor harder, or more continuously than they. No enactments limit their hours of toil and no interposition of the government enhances to any great extent the value of their products, and yet for many of the necessities and comforts of life, which the most scrupulous economy enables them to bring into their homes, and for their implements of husbandry, they are obliged to pay a price largely increased by an unnatural profit which by the action of the government is given to the more favored manufacturer.

I recommend that, keeping in view all these considerations, the increasing and unnecessary surplus of the national income annually accumulating be released to the people by an amendment to our revenue laws which shall cheapen the price of the necessities of life and give freer entrance to such imported materials as by American labor may be manufactured into marketable commodities. Nothing can be accomplished, however, in the direction of this much needed reform unless the subject is approached in a patriotic spirit of devotion to the interest of the entire country and with a willingness to yield something for the public good.

The Richest Man in Harris Co., Texas.

"One morning an old barefooted man came to the door of a rich farmer in Harris county and asked if he could occupy a deserted cabin in a distant corner of the farm. The farmer looked at him curiously. The old man had no coat, was barefooted, and very poor; but there was something in his shining happy face that caught the farmer's fancy, and he granted his request. A few mornings after, he went to the cabin to see how the old man was getting on. The cabin was deserted. He walked down to a branch where a horse had perished from under the hillside. He found the old man sitting there with a crust of bread in his hand. This hard crust he was dipping in to the spring water, softening it so that he could eat it.

"Is that your breakfast?" said the farmer.

"Yes, and it is all I want."

"Are you happy on such fare as that?"

"Perfectly. God is better to me than I deserve. I only ask for his love, and a crust of bread, pure water, and the right to live in this beautiful world."

"The farmer went his way. That night he was awakened by a dream that troubled him. He dreamed that the richest man in Harris county would be dead by six o'clock next morning. He figured up his property and found that he was the richest man in the county. He dropped back to sleep and dreamed the same thing again. He told his wife about it and dropped asleep again. For the third time he dreamed that the richest man in Harris county would be dead by six o'clock next morning. He figured up his property and found that he was the richest man in the county. He dropped back to sleep and dreamed the same thing again. He told his wife about it and dropped asleep again. For the third time he dreamed that the richest man in Harris county would be dead by six o'clock next morning. He figured up his property and found that he was the richest man in the county. He dropped back to sleep and dreamed the same thing again. He told his wife about it and dropped asleep again. 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**Livery and Sale Stable,**  
**MARTIN & WILKERSON, Proprietors**  
JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.  
Elegant vehicles. Good horses; careful drivers. Horses and Mules bought and sold. Stock boarded at reasonable rates. Prices in keeping with market.







JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

Elegant vehicles. Good horses; careful drivers. Horses and Mules  
and sold. Stock boarded at reasonable rates. Prices in keeping with  
the times.



# MERRY CHRISTMAS TO ALL!

## HOLIDAY GOODS!

Most Immense Line of Toys, Dolls, Christmas Cards, Fire Works, Plush Goods, Pictures, AND FRAMES, BOOKS, BLOCKS, BASKETS, PLAIN and COLORED GLASSWARE, POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY!

A REGULAR JUMBO. NO BABY ELEPHANT SHOP.

The Largest Store of the kind between Birmingham and Atlanta, Montgomery and Chattanooga, is

W. E. SORSBY'S Book and Stationery Store,

Next Door to Post Office, Anniston, Ala.

### The Republican.

Mr. Charlie Heath of Gadsden was in Jacksonville Tuesday.

J. J. Skelton is receiving a large assortment of Ladies', Children's and Gentlemen's Rockers.

Jordan Whittly, an old negro man 72 years old froze to death last Saturday four miles west of this place.

A nice lot of material for fancy work at Miss Kate Crawford's.

Mrs. Ritter, an accomplished lady of New Orleans, is stopping in Jacksonville with a view to permanent location.

Give Miss Kate Crawford a call and examine her beautiful Christmas goods.

Snow fell here during the recent storm to a depth of 2 1/2 inches measured on a cotton bale, where it neither melted or drifted.

Gentlemen's white Pongee silk handkerchiefs at Miss Kate Crawford's.

Mr. H. T. Persons, of the best educators of this section of Alabama, was in Jacksonville Friday.

Mr. Singleton, Government engineer on the Coosa River shoals, is in Jacksonville. He reports that boats can pass through the locks to Broken Arrow in a few days.

Go to J. J. Skelton for cooking and heating stoves and save money. Good assortment always on hand.

Sliding down the long hill north of town on improvised sleds has been a great source of amusement to the young of both sexes since the snow fell. The nights are brilliant and the scene one of gaiety and animation.

Fine Bevel Plate Walnut suits at J. J. Skelton's.

A new lot of hats just received at Miss Kate Crawford's.

"Hackmetack," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by Rowan, Dean & Co.

For the next 20 days Miss Kate Crawford will sell millinery at cost.

The Conference of the M. E. Church South has thrown Jacksonville and White Plains in one circuit and Rev. S. R. Emerson will serve the two churches next year. Mr. Emerson has been with this church here together with Weavers' Station and perhaps other churches, and has given satisfaction. The church at this place will be glad to have him again.

Fine lot of Tobacco and Cigars at Bonduant's.

Greatest Bargains Offered in Boots, Shoes and Hats.

Ullman Bros., of Talladega and Anniston, have now \$12,000 worth of Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps on hand, from the finest to the coarsest, which they will sell at great sacrifices for the money. We will and must sell out before January next. We mean business!

**NOTICE.**  
Notice is hereby given that I will apply to the Judge of Probate of Jackson County, Ala., on Saturday the 1st day of January 1887, for a license to retail vinous and spirituous liquors in the town of Jacksonville, Ala.  
JOHN RAMAGOSA.

### \$5.00 REWARD

Lost between Jacksonville and Weaver's Station, an old pocket book, containing silver and greenbacks and some notes and other papers. The finder will be paid the above reward by returning the same to this office or to L. A. Lester.

Cloaks, New Markets and Short Wraps at a Sacrifice.

500 cloaks, New Markets, Short wraps, trimmed in furs and silks, in the latest styles, at and below cost, at Ullman Bros.

Talladega and Anniston.

Anniston is surrounded by rich beds of brown hematite iron ores, some of the beds being within the corporate limits. A few miles distant are the rich veins of the red hematite, pronounced by competent mining engineers to be richer than the Birmingham ores. She is thirteen miles nearer the St. Clair coal fields than the iron manufacturing town of Anniston, and within three miles of a railroad reaching directly into these coal fields, which railroad can be brought into Jacksonville at any time our people get ready to put up a reasonable sum of money. The papers of Anniston may decry the mineral wealth of this section of the county as much as they choose, but the time is coming when Jacksonville will lead Anniston a lively dance in iron manufacture. The only thing that has kept back the development of this part of the county is the lack of railroad facilities, this section having only one road up to comparatively recent date; but it is not always to remain this way, and when the railroads come the furnaces will come, and don't you forget it. Anniston editors may not like to see any other part of the county build up, but they can't help it.

He Gave an "Option."

At the re-union of the Tenth Alabama at Riverside, a gallant old Confederate soldier met a gentleman from this place, and with beaming face told him of his circumstances.

"If I have a large family and have been poor a long time," he said, "but I am all right now."

"How is that?" asked his friend.

"Well, my poor land turned out to be very rich in minerals, and I have just sold an option on it, by which they pay me so much on every ton taken out; and the amount will raise me and my family above want, for there is a large quantity of ore."

"Did they specify any time in which to begin work?" asked the gentleman.

"No-o," rather doubtfully.

"How long did they take the option for?"

"Thirty years."

"Then, that lets you out. The law will not permit so long a lease. Go right straight and cancel that contract, for you see, but for their own mistake, they would have had your land tied up for half a lifetime," replies the gentleman.

"I will do it," said the old Confederate, "and I am ever so glad I mentioned the matter."

And he did it, and the land sharks missed their prey in their greediness to take too much.

This little story carries its moral. Don't sell options on your land or sign any papers offered you by the agents of these mineral land sharks. They seek an advantage over you. Hold on to your valuable ore beds, and the time will soon come when you can sell them straight out for something near their value.

### Best Set of Furniture

IN ALABAMA

### FOR EIGHTEEN DOLLARS.

It consists of 9 pieces, to-wit: 1 Bureau, 1 Bedstead, 1 Center Table, 1 Washstand, 1 Rocker, 4 Chairs, Go to J. J. Skelton, Jacksonville, Ala.

What Can Be Done.

By trying again and keeping up courage many things seemingly impossible may be attained. Hundreds of hopeless cases of Kidney and Liver Complaint, have been cured by Electric Bitters, after everything else had been tried in vain. So don't think there is no cure for you, but try Electric Bitters. There is no medicine so safe, so pure, and so perfect a Blood Purifier. Electric Bitters will cure Dyspepsia, Diabetes and all Diseases of the Kidneys. Invaluable in affections of Stomach and Liver, and overcome all Urinary Difficulties. Large Bottles only 50 cts. at W. M. Nisbet's.

Tennessee Pork Hogs For Sale.

The undersigned is prepared to sell Tennessee Pork Hogs for the next two months. Apply to W. F. McCULLY, Oxford, Ala.

Shiloh's Cure will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough, and Bronchitis. For sale by Rowan, Dean & Co.

For Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. For sale by Rowan, Dean & Co.

Mother and Son.

About two years ago a cancerous sore made its appearance on my face, and as my ancestors on both sides had been afflicted with cancers, I was filled with gravest apprehensions. The future was overcast with dark shadows, and in groping about in search of relief my attention was called to Swift's Specific (S. S. S.). I concluded at once to test it, and did so with the happiest result. The sore disappeared, and my face is well.

My mother had a cancer on the nose, and it was eating away that organ with alarming rapidity. I sent her one dozen bottles of Swift's Specific, which she used according to directions. The sore soon ceased to eat, and all inflammation disappeared, and the great hole made by the cancer closed up and healed over completely. My mother is now well, and has been for over a year.

T. S. MABEN.

Dublin, Texas, Oct. 2, 1886. For sale by all druggists. Treaties on Blood and Skin diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT'S SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

New crop of New Orleans molasses, the best in the market; also a large lot of New Orleans sugar and rice just received at Crow Bros.

If you want a nice pair of good boots or shoes, send to Cantrell & Bro., Rome, Ga. They keep all the latest styles at low prices. Describe what you want and price you want to pay and you will get it. nov27-4t

When you go to Rome don't forget to go to Cantrell & Bro., for your Boots and shoes, all styles at low prices. No. 50 Broad St. nov27-4t

For the noblest hat in town go to A. L. Stewart & Bro.

Trust Sale.

Under and by virtue of a Deed of Trust made to me as trustee, on the 20th day of November 1884, and filed for record, January 24th 1885, by Alexander Crook and his wife Cynthia Crook, to secure Joseph R. Loyd in a debt due by the said Alexander Crook and Cynthia Crook to said Joseph R. Loyd, I will, as said trustee, sell on Monday, Jan. 17, 1887, before the court house door in the town of Jacksonville, within the legal hours of sale, the following described real estate to-wit:

The NE 1/4 of the NE 1/4 and about twenty acres of the NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 in all sixty acres, lying in section 21, township 14, range 7, east in the Coosa Land District, as the property of the said Alexander Crook and wife Cynthia Crook.

JOSEPH R. LOYD, Trustee.

25,000 Dollars Worth of Goods Sold at Sacrifice At and Below Cost for the Cash.

As we have decided to make a change in our business, we have determined to close out 25,000 Dollars worth of Ready-made Clothing, such as fine Dresses and Business Suits, in frocks and sacks; and immense assortment of Boys' and Children's Suits; also the finest and largest stock of Overcoats, consisting of fine Castor and Chinchilla Beavers Reversible; also fine line of Worsted Overcoats in all colors, at and below Cost for the Cash, at ULLMAN BROS., Talladega & Anniston.

We mean Business! Come and see!

CARPETS and TRUNKS

We have over 100 Rolls of Carpets, also 200 Trunks, on hand, which we will sell at any price to close out for the money, therefore come and get Bargains at ULLMAN BROS., Talladega & Anniston.

NOTICE NO. 5672.

LAST OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA. (Dec. 1st 1886) Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Probate Court, at Jacksonville, Ala., on Jan. 17, 1887, viz: William Reed, Homestead application No. 1885, for the SW 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 17 T. 15 S. R. 9 E.

He claims the following witnesses to prove his residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Marion Hardin, Almer Farmer, Walter Gantt, Charles Bushman, all of Cross Plains, Ala. J. G. HARRIS, Register.

Backsack's Arsenic Salve

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fester Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. may2-1v.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. Rowan, Dean & Co.

Persons who lead a life of exposure are subject to rheumatism, neuralgia and lumbago and will find a valuable remedy in Dr. J. H. McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment, it will banish pain and subside inflammation. Apr24-3m

Look out for Bonduant's Bread wagon Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Music, Fashion Papers, Magazines &c., all at V. L. Thompson's, Anniston, Ala.

When you go to Anniston do not fail to call on V. L. Thompson, proprietor of Anniston Book Store, he will always be glad to see you and greet you with a hearty welcome.

Bonduant, on Depot street, keeps Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Meat, Lard, Hams, Cheese, Grits and a full line of Can Goods, and defies competition in prices. Give him a call.

Call at Mrs. R. H. Middletons Millinery store and see a nice line of Ladies, Misses and children's hats, velvet, ribbon, Astrakhan, real ostrich plumes, tips, collars and cuffs, handkerchiefs, hose and ornaments, and in fact every thing kept in a first class Millinery Store.

MRS. R. H. MIDDLETON.

406 E. PATTON, Rome, Ga.

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Build up your own section by patronizing home industry. Joe. B. Patton has the only Sash, Door and Blind Factory in North Ga.

Headquarters for Paints, Oil, Glass, and general Builders supplies, Rome, Ga. Send for prices before purchasing.

Sick headache, wind on the stomach, biliousness, nausea, and promptly and agreeably banished by Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Pills. 25c. vial. Apr24-3m

Go to A. L. Stewart and Bro. for Best Tobacco and Cigars in town.

A. L. Stewart & Bro., can suit you in clothing. Call and see them.

Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and \$1. For sale by Rowan, Dean & Co.

If you want bargain in shoes, go to Crow Bros. and get you a pair before they are all sold.

A Nasal Injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. For sale by Rowan, Dean & Co.

Beautiful new prints from 5c up just received at Crow Bros.

Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin, Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale by Rowan, Dean & Co.

The largest and best selected stock of shoes just received at A. L. Stewart & Bro.

The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." For sale by Rowan, Dean & Co.

V. L. Thompson, of Anniston, Ala., sells books cheaper than any body! He has no equal.

Send to V. L. Thompson, Anniston, Ala., if you want school books and school supplies of all kinds cheap.

Thousands of people suffer with back ache, not knowing that Shiloh's Cure is a symptom of diseased kidneys and liver, which placebo and lotions cannot heal, the best and safest remedy is Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm. \$1.00 per bottle. Apr24-3m

NOTICE

To Teachers and Patrons. I have now a large selection of books of all kinds, which will be sold at the very lowest figures. I will guarantee that I will be to your interest to see me and get my prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Respectfully, V. L. THOMPSON.

Anniston, Ala.

When nature falters and requires help, recruit her enfeebled energies with Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier. \$1.00 per bottle. Apr24-3m

A GUARANTEE GIVEN.

Patronize a Southern Industry.

We have just received a large lot of Ladies and Misses fine shoes made by Hall & Onway Manufacturing Co. of Nashville, Tenn. Every pair guaranteed not to rip, if so to be repaired at our expense. Call and buy the best pair of shoes kept in the market.

Respectfully, Crow Bros.

G. J. BRIANT, Rome, Ga.

G. J. Briant sells Cincinnati Beer by the keg or bottle. When you want any send your orders to him at Rome, Ga.

G. J. Briant gives special attention to C. O. D. orders. When you want a jug of any kind of whisky send to him at Rome, Ga.

G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga., wants you boys in the dry counties to send your jugs to him and he will wet them for you.

When you want a grog of good whisky, brandy or wine send to G. J. Briant, Rome, Ga.

Blacksmith and Woodshop.

Depot St., Jacksonville, Ala. The undersigned has recently opened up an excellent Blacksmith and Woodshop, supplied with the best of tools and appliances, and is now prepared to do all work in his line.

Promptly, Cheaply and Well.

Stephen McLean is the Blacksmith. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. J. F. BEAL, dealer.

B. F. Wilson, Attorney at Law, TALLADEGA, ALA.

Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and abstracts in commission.

Jas. S. Kelly, Notary Public and Ex-Officio JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Courts 2nd Saturday in each month. At Oxford, Ala.

JAMES GIBSON, Jacksonville, Ala. S. D. G. BROTHERS, Jacksonville, Ala. S. J. WILKINSON, Anniston, Ala.

CROW, BROTHERS & WILKINSON, Attorneys at Law, Jacksonville and Anniston.

FOUR'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS

No Horse will die of Cough, Croup or Lung Febrile if Four's Powders are used in time. Four's Powders will cure Cough, Croup, Lung Febrile, and all other diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchitis, and make the Throat and Lungs healthy. Price 25c. per box. Sold everywhere.

FOUR'S POWDERS will cure or prevent almost every disease of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchitis. It is a sure cure for Cough, Croup, Lung Febrile, and all other diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Bronchitis. Price 25c. per box. Sold everywhere.

DAVID H. FOSTER, Proprietor, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Trustee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a deed of trust executed to me as trustee by H. P. Meager, and his wife, I will proceed to sell at public auction, for cash, on the 20th day of December 1886, at the court house door of said county, between the hours of 10 o'clock and 12 o'clock, the following described property to-wit: The SW 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of section 17, range 8, township 14, north, east in the Coosa Land District, known as a part of the Peter Kimple place in Calhoun county.

D. C. SAWYER, Trustee, nov13-3m.

S. W. McLELL, Watchmaker

AND JEWELER

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired, and satisfaction guaranteed. Shop next door to Wm. M. Nisbet's Drug Store. Sep2-3m

ELIAS STEVENSON, Attorney at Law, Jacksonville, Ala.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A pure article. It is strength and wholesomeness. It is recommended by the highest authorities, and cannot be sold in competition with the authentic Royal Baking Powder. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 West St., N. Y.

Children who are troubled with worms are pale in the face, hinders around their eyes, pick the nose, have variable appetites, are fretful, spells, have bad dreams, are restless in sleep. Dr. J. H. McLean's Kidney and Candy Vermifuge will kill and expel the worms, and leave the child healthy. 25c. a bottle. Apr24-3m

### WANTED EMIGRANTS

Contractors Desiring

West to Know that the

GEORGIA PACIFIC R. R.

TEXAS AIR-LINE

IS THE

SHORTEST, FASTEST & BEST ROUTE

TO

MEMPHIS, MOBILE, ARKANSAS, TEXAS AND

WEST AND NORTH-WEST.

For full particulars, apply to the

General Agent, Jacksonville, Ala.

State Normal SCHOOL

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

This school, established for the purpose of educating young men with ordinary ability and increased facilities, on Monday, August 24th 1886. In connection with the Normal Department, and supplementary to it, a thorough course of primary and academic instruction is given to all. Music, both vocal and instrumental, and Art, will be taught by first-class instructors.

FACULTY:

C. H. GIBSON, A. M., President, Prof. Mathematics and Foreign Languages.

REV. G. E. BOBURN, Professor of English and Natural Sciences.

MISS ELEANOR E. TAYLOR, Normal and Scientific and Free Hand Drawing.

MISS LETHA R. DOWDELL, Grammar School, Spelling, French and Latin.

MISS IDA J. WOODWARD, Principals, Primary Department.

MISS MARIE DUPLESSIS, Teaching of Music.

RATES OF TUITION.

Normal Department.....Free

High School Department.....\$2.00 per month

Junior Class.....\$2.00 per month

Senior Class.....\$2.00 per month

Free Boarding Apartment.....\$2.00 per month

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Free Boarding Apartment.....\$2.00 per month



### Beautiful Farm for Sale Cheap.

Lying within the incorporated limits of Jacksonville, Ala., half section 320 acres, about 100 acres cleared and in cultivation, balance pine and oak timber. Has a beautiful building site, well of cold fresh water, good well of cold fresh water, good well of cold fresh water. The most beautiful location for a summer home or a stock farm in north Alabama. Iron ore plentiful on the place, and the lands adjoining, on line of R. & G. R. R. and a road soon to be built between Jacksonville and Gadsden. The town of Jacksonville has good churches, good society, and a healthy place to live. Can be found anywhere. State Normal School located near. This place will be sold on easy terms. Apply to S. D. H. BROWN, Jacksonville, Ala., or J. M. WYLY, Montgomery, Ala., or H. P. WYLY, Jr., Atlanta, Ga. July 24-25

6. W. PARSONS, W. J. PEARCE, R. R. KELLY, Talladega, Ala., Jacksonville, Ala.

### PARSONS, PEARCE & KELLY, Attorneys at Law.

Will practice in all the Courts of Calhoun and Cleburne counties and in the Supreme Court of Alabama. Land Litigation, the Investigation of Titles, and suits by and against Corporations, specialities.

### RELIEF!

FORTY YEARS A SUFFERER FROM CATARRH. WONDERFUL TO RELATE.

"FOR FORTY YEARS I have been a victim to CATARRH—three-fourths of the time a sufferer from EXHAUSTING PAINS ACROSS MY FOREHEAD and MY NOSE. TRILLS, the discharges were so offensive that I hesitate to mention it, except for the good it may do some other sufferer. I have spent a young fortune in my earnings, during my forty years of suffering to obtain relief from the doctors. I used many different medicines—every one I could learn of—from the four corners of the earth, with no relief. And at last I have found a cure. I have made a new man. I would not have believed it, and now weigh 150 lbs. I used fifteen bottles of the medicine, and the only regret I have is that being in the hostile waters of the counterfeits not have induced to prevail on all catarrh sufferers to use what has cured me."

### Gunn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.

"HENRY CHEVENS  
"No. 207 Second St., Macon, Ga."  
"Mr. Henry Chevins, the writer of the above formerly of Cleveland county, Macon, Georgia, merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh."

### FLESH PRODUCER AND TONIC

### Gunn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.

Cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Old Sores. A perfect Skin Medicine. If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles \$1.00, large \$1.50. Ready on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. MACON MEDICINE COMPANY, Macon, Ga. mar2-1m

### Sheriff's Sale.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 25th day of August 1886, and to me directed in favor of J. L. Camp & Co., and against J. P. Ward & Co., I will proceed to sell on Thursday, the 9th day of December, 1886, to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, the entire stock of merchandise, also one pair of large counter scales, one pair of small counter scales, also one set of Blacksmith tools, one set shoe make tools, one set of wood-work tools, will be sold in the town of White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala., before the store house of J. P. Ward & Co. levied on as the property of J. P. Ward & Co. to satisfy said execution. This Nov. 24th, 1886. M. W. WOODRUFF, Sheriff.

### NOTICE NO. 5628.

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 2nd 1886.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on Jan. 10, 1887, viz: William T. Kirby, Homestead application No. 271 for the S.E. 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 24, T. 18 S. E. 18 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Carter C. Hedges, John Hedges, Levi Dempsey, James Hedges, all of Adelia, Ala. J. G. HARRIS, Register.

### ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.  
In Probate Court for said County, Special Term Dec. 1st.  
This day came Wm. E. Mollon, Jr., Guardian of Mollon E. Thompson, a minor, and filed in Court his account, and vouchers for an annual settlement of his said Guardianship. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 27th day of December 1886 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given in three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 27th day of December 1886, to contest said settlement if they think proper. E. F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

### CHRISTMAS AND

### New Year's Goods,

### HENRY A. SMITH

ROME, GEORGIA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

### Bookseller & Music Dealer.

Just receiving a magnificent line of Christmas articles, such as Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Scrap Books, Toilet Sets, Jeweled Cases, China and Bique Toys and Ornaments, Games, Vases, China Cups and Saucers, Dolls, Christmas Tree Ornaments, Wax Candles, Lanterns, Velvet and Ebony Cabinet Picture Frames, Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books, Postcard and Gift Books, Standard and Juvenile Books, Pictures.

### Christmas Cards

Pianos and Organs at lowest manufacturer's prices for cash or on instalments. Wall paper and bordering at low prices—orders solicited. dec6-164

### FIRE INSURANCE.

### I. L. SWAN AGT.

Two Good Home Companies to-wit

Georgia Home, Ga. City, mar2-18

### NOTICE NO. 5760.

LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 30, 1886.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on Jan. 15, 1887, viz: William T. Kirby, Homestead application No. 1088, for the S.E. 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 24, T. 18 S. E. 18 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: S. A. Fleming, Wm. Bryant, Arthur Morris, M. Thompson, all of Feels Hill, Ala. J. G. HARRIS, Register.

### ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

STATE OF ALABAMA, Calhoun County.  
In Probate Court for said County, Special Term Nov. 11, 1886.  
This day came H. S. Browning, administrator of Estate of Elias Smith, and filed in Court his account, and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said Estate. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 11th day of December 1886 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given in three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned, to be and appear before me, at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 11th day of December 1886 and contest said settlement if they think proper. E. F. CROOK, Judge of Probate.

### Register's Sale!

Under and by virtue of two decrees of the Chancery Court for the 5th District of the Eastern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, composed of the County of Calhoun rendered at the April Term 1886, of said court, one in favor of S. L. Green and J. F. Walker, vs. B. G. McClellan and J. F. Walker, and one in favor of Rowan Dean & Co., vs. same parties, I will as Register and Master of said Court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the Court house door of said County within the hours of sale on Monday, the 3rd day of January, 1887, the following described real estate to-wit: The Southeast quarter of Section fifteen, Township fourteen, Range seven, in Coastal Land District, Calhoun County, Ala., one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, known as the Love place. Said land sold as the property of said B. G. McClellan, to satisfy said decrees. WM. M. HAMES, Register.

### J. G. Hudson,

Notary Public & Ex-Officio Justice of THE PEACE.

DeArmanville, Alabama.

Courts fourth Saturday in each month. Marriage license for sale. Jan 1st.

### BOWDEN & ARNOLD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, JACKSONVILLE, ALA. sep13-6m

### WANTED

### EMIGRANTS

Contemplate Moving

West to know that the

GEORGIA PACIFIC R. R.

TEXAS AIR-LINE

VIA.

Birmingham, Ala.

IS THE

MOST DIRECT, QUICKEST & BEST ROUTE

TO

MISSISSIPPI,

LOUISIANA,

ARKANSAS,

TEXAS AND

THE

WEST AND NORTH-WEST.

Write for live emigrant rates. Correct Map any day for States furnished free upon application to

SAM E. WEBB, Passenger Agt., ALEX. S. FLEMING, Trunk, Pac. Agt., GEO. S. BAILEY, G. P. A., N. Y. & AGT, Gen'l Sup.

### JAS. HUTCHISON,

HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,

(Jacksonville Hotel.)

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

### W. C. LAND,

WATCHMAKER,

And Jeweler,

Jacksonville, Ala.

Will resume the Watch and Jewelry repairing on all Good Watches. A Good Stock of materials on hand at all times. Agent for the Elgin Watch Co. and agent for the Meridian Cutlery Co.

JAMES CROOK, Jacksonville, Ala. S. D. G. BROTHERS, Jacksonville, Ala. J. WILLET, Jacksonville, Ala.

### CROOK, BROTHERS & WILLET,

Attorneys at Law,

Jacksonville and Anniston.

### NOTICE NO. 5675.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 25th 1886.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on Jan. 15, 1887, viz: William T. Kirby, Homestead application No. 1210 for the S.E. 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 24, T. 18 S. E. 18 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Jerry M. Hedges, Kenneth Noah, Thomas Kitch, George Gores, all of Jacksonville, Ala. J. G. HARRIS, Register.

### B. F. Wilson,

Attorney at Law,

TALLADEGA, ALA.

Will practice in the counties of Talladega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties. sep2-18

### Jas. S. Kelly,

Notary Public and Ex-Officio

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

At Oxford, Ala.

Courts 2nd Saturday in each month.

## THIS WEEK WE CAN INTEREST YOU IN ALL KINDS

Oranables, Cabbages, Sweet Potatoes, Irish Potatoes, Sausage of the best quality made of HOG meat. Apples, the finest in town. Oranges just from Florida.

### Flour, Hams, Bacon, Meal, Tobacco

From 10c per Plug to B. J. Graveley's Extra. Cigars of all grades, Canned goods in great variety, and

### BOTTOM PRICES.

Sugar 15 lbs to the Dollar. The very best quality of Coffee. Cheese 12 1/2, 15 and 20 cts. per pound. Also a good assortment of Crockery, Glassware and Hardware. We have just received an elegant line of Jewelry which we

### GUARANTEE AS REPRESENTED.

Also a full line of Stationery, Nice Box Paper in great abundance. Don't forget that we are

### Headquarters

For Candies and Presents, Toys, &c. We have 10,000 feet of M. & D. flooring and ceiling, also Buggies and Harness. Remember we will deliver anything to the amount of \$1.00 or over to any part of town at 4, p. m. We desire your TRADE, and are

### Anxious to Please You.

CALL AND SEE US.

Porter, Martin & Co., Brick Store, S. W. Cor. Public Square.

nov20-1f

### A. L. STEWART & BRO.,

Jacksonville, Ala.,

### NEW, BRIGHT, TASTEFUL.

Just receiving an elegant stock of the Latest and most Fashionable Goods. Staple Goods of every description, at prices that will bear competition from any point.

Boots, Shoes, nice stock of Ready Made Clothing, Crockery, Hardware, and everything kept in a

### General Variety Store.

Family Groceries of all kinds. Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Canned Goods etc. etc. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. oct24-1f

### DR. J. C. FRANCIS,

DEALER IN

### PURE FRESH DRUGS,

(NORTHWEST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE) JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.

Has just received a large stock of pure Drugs of all kinds. Stock fully up to the requirements of the market. He knows from long experience the wants of the community, and in his selection of stock, has endeavored to meet every requirement. nov1-1f

### MONEY TO LOAN.

Loans at most favorable rates on

### Farm Lands

as security. Loans made on no other security whatever.

Parties desiring to borrow should apply in person for rates, and bring all the deeds they have in possession relating to the land offered as security.

Money loaned at cheaper rates than the banks offer, on three and five years' time, payable in annual installments or at end of time, as parties may desire, in Calhoun and Cleburne counties.

H. L. STEVENSON.

Oct. 23th

### MONEY TO LAON.

Loans at most favorable rates on

### FARM LANDS

as security. Loans made on no other security whatever.

Parties desiring to borrow should apply in person for rates, and bring all the deeds they have in possession relating to the land offered as security.

Money loaned at cheaper rates than the banks give, on three and five years, in annual installments, in

### Calhoun, Cleburne, Etowah, Cherokee and St. Clair counties.

L. W. GRANT.

### B. G. McCLELEN,

County --- Surveyor, Alexandria, Ala.

### New Family Grocery.

The undersigned has opened, in the brick store room at Judge Walker on the south side of the public square, a full line of

### STAPLE AND

### Fancy Groceries,

consisting of Bacon, Flour, Bran, Sugar, Coffee, Macaroni, Canned goods, Confections, Queensware, and a hundred other articles of necessity and luxury, which he designs offering at such reasonable prices as to invite custom.

### Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff.

T. M. Blacking.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

### Call and See Me.

may2-1f F. M. DAVIS.

### SEED

FOR 1886.

will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers. It contains about 100 pages of illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting all varieties of VEGETABLES and FLOWER SEEDS, BULBS, etc. invaluable to all, especially to new settlers. Send for it free to D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Michigan.

### FORNEY'S

### MILL.

Two Miles South OF JACKSONVILLE.

This property, known as the old Stevenson Mill, has recently been thoroughly overhauled and renewed, and is now prepared to serve the public. Good out-turn of excellent flour and corn meal.

In connection with the Mill a new gin house has been erected, furnished with new and excellent Improved Tyler Gin. Cotton ginned for the twentieth.

The undersigned has ten years experience as a miller in some of the best mills of the State and will guarantee satisfaction to patrons. Give the new mill and gin a trial.

A team will be run between Jacksonville and the Mill, and for every 50 lbs of corn 45 lbs of meal will be returned. Sept26-1f G. S. KLEIN.

### State Normal

### SCHOOL

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

This school, established for the training of teachers, opens with enlarged faculty and increased facilities, on Monday August 30th 1886. In connection with the Normal Department, and as auxiliary to it, a thorough course of primary and academic instruction is open to all. Music, both Vocal and Instrumental, and Art, will be taught by first-class instructors.

### FACULTY:

C. B. GIBSON, A. M., President, Prof. Mathematics and Foreign Languages.

REV. O. R. BOURNE, Professor of English and Natural Sciences.

MISS FANNIE E. PAYNE, Normal Studies and Free Hand Drawing.

MISS LETTIE R. DOWDELL, Grammar School Studies, French and Latin.

MRS. IDA J. WOODWARD, Principal Primary Department.

MISS MARIE DUPLISSIS, Teacher of Music.

### RATES OF TUITION.

Normal Department: Free

High School Department: Free

Junior Class: \$2.00 per month

Senior Class: 3.00 "

Intermediate Department: Free

Class No. 1 and No. 2: 2.00 per month

Class No. 3 and No. 4: 1.50 "

Primary Department: 75 "

Tuition to children of licensed ministers of the Gospel, Free.

TERMS:—Quarterly in advance. In no instance will a pupil's name be entered upon the rolls until the tuition for ensuing quarter has been paid. This rule will be rigidly carried out.

BOARD:—Students can obtain good board with the best families in Jacksonville at from \$8.00 to \$12.50 per month, according to accommodations required. By messing together, living may be brought down even below these figures. Young men who wish to try this plan will be furnished with excellent quarters free of charge.

ATTENDANCE:—The attendance on the school during the past session was upwards of two hundred pupils. It is confidently expected that it will be much larger next session.

aug21-1f C. B. GIBSON, A. M., President Faculty.

### SCOTT'S

### EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL.

And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda.

Almost as Palatable as Milk.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL, that can be taken readily and absorbed for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, CHOLERA AND TYPHOID AFFECTIONS, AND ALL WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN. It is marvellous in its results.

Prepared and bottled by the F. & J. Scott & Co., Ltd., 1, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4, ENGLAND.

Sole Importers for the United States, J. C. Caldwell, H. H. Hames & Co., 100 N. 2nd St., New York, N. Y.

Atlanta, Ga. J. C. Caldwell, H. H. Hames & Co., 100 N. 2nd St., New York, N. Y.

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Atlanta, Ga. J. C. Caldwell, H. H. Hames & Co., 100 N. 2nd St., New York, N. Y.



## GOLDIE'S GUARDIAN.

It wasn't really her name, but everyone called her Goldie because of her lovely yellow hair which was her chief beauty, though not her only one, by any means. Goldie had as one would care to see, and therefore, quite naturally, her admirers were countless. Yet it was hard to predict upon which one of them Goldie would eventually bestow her wayward little heart, for she was even more thoughtful and capricious than pretty girls of seventeen usually are.

She was still a mere child in the eyes of Leigh Ormiston, her guardian, until the formal proposal of young Harry Thurston for her hand aroused him one fine day, with a shock to the realization of her seventeen years.

A grave, surprised look swept across his handsome face—handsome despite its thirty-nine years and the few threads of silver in the dark, thick clustering locks which were it.

"So you want to marry Goldie?" he said slowly, when he had taken in the full meaning of the young man's modest but touching earnest appeal. "Have you spoken to her on the subject—been accepted?"

"Well, no, sir, not quite that," returned Harry hesitatingly, his head sinking a little as he noted the constrained accents of Mr. Ormiston's voice, and the way those half-closed and firmly-cut lips were compressed under the thick, dark mustache, while awaiting the answer to his question. "You see, Mr. Ormiston, Miss Goldie is such a willful, tantalizing little elf that one can't get her to answer seriously. I've tried often enough, I'm sure. But she told me, at last, that I must ask you about it, so I look her word and ask you. And I hope, sir—beseechingly—that you don't disapprove."

"Oh, I don't disapprove of you, Harry—not at all," interrupted Mr. Ormiston, in a pleasant voice, caught the tense lines which the young man had fancied meant disapproval, still lingered about the handsome mouth. "If my ward really wishes to marry she could barely make a choice which would be more acceptable to me. You may tell her that, and—"

He paused a moment, irresolutely, then glancing up into the eager, brightening young face, hurriedly went on: "If you need a good word from me to aid your suit, you shall have it, my boy."

"And I thought her but a child!" murmured, in a low, strained voice, when once more alone. "Yet she is seventeen, a woman, with lovers already at her feet. Seventeen! As old as she was when—ah! Heaven! rising abruptly and pacing the floor with quick, nervous strides. "I pray that her accursed treachery is not inherited by her child—that she, pretty Goldie, will never wander with a man's true love. He went to the window and stood there for a long time, looking absent over the beautiful vista of cultured land and sparkling water which was all his, and yet which had never brought him happiness or peace. Far down at the foot of an avenue of maples he saw two figures sitting side by side, and knew they were Goldie and her ardent young lover, Harry Thurston.

"I found himself wondering," he mused, "if Harry had won the prize coveted by those saucy boys."

"Yes," he murmured, following a train of silent thoughts almost unconsciously. "I would rather give her up to him than to any other, since I realize now that I must lose her soon. Dear, bright little Goldie! I never knew until now how precious you are grown to me. It will be hard to give you up."

He turned away with a gloomy shadow on his face as if something on the sight of these two youthful figures pained him, and seating himself at his desk, sought distraction from his troubled thoughts by attending to some dry business correspondence which, he firmly believed himself, could not be put off a moment longer.

"Well Goldie," he questioned, with a half smile, seeing who the intruder was "what's the trouble?" For there was an air of angry agitation about the graceful figure, which in half defiant pose, had entered just within the room. The red, satiny cheeks were highly flushed and the blue eyes were shining with excitement.

"The trouble," she echoed, reproachfully. "Oh, guardy!" and with sweet, girlish tones trembled with indignation, "aren't you ashamed of yourself? How

could you tell Harry Thurston—that stupid fellow!—that he had your consent to marry me?"

"Why, Goldie, my dear!"—surprised at the girlish, but very genuine, outburst of resentment—"I understood that it was your own wish. I thought you sent him here to ask me for it."

"I sent him here simply to get rid of him—that's all," she pouted almost tearfully. "I didn't think guardy, that you would let me marry him, or—any one else—even if I wanted to. I thought you would tell him I was too young, or that you'd get mad, or something, and so I thought I was safe in sending to you! The others I disposed of myself, but—"

"The others?"

Leigh Ormiston turned in his chair and looked squarely into the pretty, excited face as he sternly echoed those two words.

"Goldie," he went on in the same tone of grave displeasure—a tone which she had never before heard from his lips, in the ten years of his fatherly care of her—"Goldie, those are strange words—a strange revelation from you, whom I deemed so pure and artless. Can it be that you have already stooped to that baseness from whose taint I would have shielded you with my heart's blood—the baseness of the confederate, the soulless, despicable flint! Like your mother—"

"Guardy!"

Goldie sprang forward suddenly, her slender form quivering with anger, her golden head crested with the pride of a young queen, her blue eyes flashing a very fine, mingled defiance.

But in the same instant her mood changed with the swiftness of a thought. It was such a rare thing to hear her spoken of at all by her guardian, that a longing spring up within her breast to hear what he had to say.

"Guardy!" she exclaimed, with passionate eagerness in her fair young face, from which all the anger had died out. "I want you to tell me something about my mother. What was she going to say?"

"Nothing, child—nothing. She was fair and lovely, the very image of what you are to-day—that's all," he answered hastily, a troubled shadow settling over the strong and darkly handsome face.

But he had checked himself too late. Goldie's deepest feelings had been stirred, and she would not be put off.

"I would rather never speak of it, Goldie," he said sadly, yielding at last to her entreaties. "To me it must ever be a painful remembrance. Yet, if it may serve to warn you from the weakness—or the sin—which spoiled my life, perhaps I ought to tell you."

It was a sad story, touchingly told, briefly told, and one of the commonest stories in the world. It was merely that of a man's heart broken; his first, best and holiest love deliberately won and then wantonly betrayed by a beautiful coquette, who, at the end, had laughed his passionate love and faith to scorn and wedded his bitterest rival before the month was out.

When Leigh Ormiston ended the brief recital, whose broken, husky sentences revealed to her such a world of unsuspected suffering in this life, the warm, bright tears stood in Goldie's blue eyes, and she bent and touched the hand resting upon the arm of his chair with quivering lips.

"And it was my own mother who did all that: who broke your heart spoiled all your life?" she murmured softly. "Yet when she and papa died and left me alone in the world, you took me and cared for me as if I had been your own. Oh, guardy, how good you have been to me—how generous and noble! How can I ever repay you?"

"Simply by being a good, true-hearted woman always, Goldie," he answered gently.

"I will," she responded earnestly. And then, with some of the old sauciness chasing the shadows from her bright face. "But indeed, guardy," she exclaimed artlessly, "I never thought of flirting. If Harry Thurston and the rest of them would fall in love with me, why it wasn't my fault. I'm sure I told them in plain English that I didn't care a sixpence for them."

"You don't know your own heart yet, little one," he answered, looking down upon her with his beautiful, kindly smile. "Some day you will. But, Goldie, this day has taught me how surely you possess the dangerous gift of winning the hearts of others. Whenever you are tempted to trifle with that power, child, remember the little I have told you and be merciful. I've added with impressive emphasis."

And Goldie, hitherto as bright and thoughtless as a butterfly, in her own room sobbed out the long hours of that sunny afternoon in vain remorse for her beautiful dead mother's sin.

Three years glided swiftly by, and often they bring wonderously

eventful changes. To Goldie they had brought travel, society, home, and a deep knowledge of her own gift of fascination never dreamed of at seventeen. Yet she was still Goldie Farne.

She was looking indescribably bewitching that evening at the great flower show, in the most exquisite toilets, with a perfect "dream" in the way of French bonnets, resting daintily above the gilly frizzes of her wonderful golden hair—so very bewitching in fact, that her guardian had to exercise all his skill and strategy to draw her away from her crowd of admirers, where she might rest a little in peaceful solitude.

"Yes," said a languid, dandish voice, as two elegant young fellows sauntered down one of the flowery aisles. "Miss Farne is a beautiful woman, no mistake about that; but hang me, old chap, if I can just make her out! With her beauty, wealth and brilliancy, she might break hearts by the hundreds, yet you never hear her charged with anything of the sort. Different from the rest of her sex, by Jove!"

Goldie Farne and her guardian, standing in the shadow behind a great Japanese flower screen, heard the idle gossip, and exchanged a quiet smile.

"A reputation to be proud of," said Leigh Ormiston, with a low, half tender laugh. Then with deepening glow in his line dark eyes: "And no lover among them! Has lured your heart from your guardian yet. Thank Heaven for that, Goldie! The thought of losing you grows harder and harder to bear with every year."

"There is no present necessity for thinking about it," she retorted archly, smiling into his eyes. "Why must you talk of losing me, guardy?"

"Because your host of lovers will not let me keep you always, little one. Ah! Goldie—"

He broke off huskily and turned away, a yearning, inexpressible, sadness every line of the strong tender, resolute face. But the two gossips had not passed entirely beyond them, as they had supposed.

"It would be the richest joke of the season, 'pon honor," said one, as they again drew near, "if she ends by marrying her guardian, after all, and leaving all the rest of us out in the cold. He's perfectly devoted to her happiness, and a duced handsome fellow, too, if he is old enough to be her father, and—"

But they had passed on again, and Leigh Ormiston could only turn and look at the girl beside him, his eyes glowing and his lips white and tense with an emotion which he was silently struggling to repress.

But she laid her little hand gently upon his arm, with a look and smile which there was no mistaking.

"I would never have dared to tell you," he breathed, with an impassioned thrill in his low accents: "but you heard it, Goldie?"

"Yes, guardy—Leigh," she whispered, with a tender smile, "and I only wonder you did not guess it for yourself long, long ago."

## ALABAMA NEWS ITEMS.

### FROM ALL PARTS OF ALABAMA.

A telephone line to connect Florence, Sheffield and Tusculumbia, is being talked of.

Hale county has sent a prohibition petition to the legislature with over 1,000 names on it.

There is not a vacant house in Dadeville.

There seems to be much trouble brewing in the neighborhood of Midway over the Stock law.

The Escambia Star thinks it would be for the best interests of Alabama if the legislature did not meet but once in ten years.

There seems to be a reasonable certainty that a railroad will, in the near future, be built from Rome, Ga., to Decatur, via Guntersville.

Two moonshiners, two stills and 4,000 gallons of beer were captured in Marion county last week.

In speaking of enlarging the corporation of Decatur, the News says: "The old thing is big enough now to hold New York."

Judge Pickett's bill to appropriate the people's money to a Confederate monument has been almost universally condemned.

Dr. Jos. Shackelford of Trinity wants to be convict inspector, and he is warmly supported by a number of eminent men.

Mr. Harris Gunter of Montgomery, who shot and killed Police-man W. D. Montgomery, has been sent to the insane asylum.

The state senate has passed a bill to prohibit the running of freight trains on Sunday. Will the house pass this bill. We can't answer.

The Montgomery Dispatch truthfully remarks that it is "an eventful day when some one fails to get hurt or killed at Birmingham."

The ladies of Geneva have published a petition to the men asking them not to sign the petitions of those who wish to sell whisky, and giving their reasons for so doing.

A beautiful monument has been erected over the grave of the Rev. C. N. Wood, by the citizens of Athens, as evidence of the esteem in which they hold the memory of that good man.

When the last census was taken the total number of laborers employed in Morgan county was eighty-seven. Now, Decatur alone, employs over three hundred hands. In fact, Decatur has taken on a big boom.

The railroad commissioners claim that they save to the people of this state annually about one million of dollars in passenger and freight rates.

The negro waiters at the Exchange hotel in Montgomery struck last week because their chief, who also is black as tar, called them "leather head coons."

Until the late big earthquake W. S. Simpson had a well of free stone water on his place in Summerville, but since that time he has been drawing sulphur water out of it.

During the recent wind storm in Conecuh county, a tree was blown down on Mr. William Chancellor, who was riding along the road, killing him and his horse instantly.

Mr. Douglas Vass recently exhibited at the Mobile Cotton Exchange, sea island cotton, grown on his farm near Mobile. The staple was about two inches in length and very fine.

The steamer A. G. Henry, having been refitted, has entered upon the trade again—it arrived here last Friday afternoon in charge of that inimitable master, H. W. Fritts.—[Guntersville Democrat.]

The ladies of Geneva have published a petition to the men asking them not to sign the petition of those who wish to sell whisky, and giving their reasons for so doing.

In some sections of Alabama the question is asked, "how many bales of cotton did you make to the mule?" and other places they want to know "how many mules did it take to make a bale of cotton?"

Papers are in course of preparation in a thousand-dollar suit by Miss Florence Elmore against the Western Union Telegraph Company on account of delay in delivering an important message to her agent in this city, which caused her great inconvenience and necessitating the cancelling of several important engagements. Her brother, Senator Browne, of Tusculumbia, and a prominent law firm of this city, are her attorneys, and will press her claims.—[Montgomery Advertiser.]

What's the matter with our grocery merchants? We are informed that parties living in Decatur have been buying groceries in Huntsville for their own consumption. Of course they buy there under the impression (whether true or not) that they get goods cheaper than they can in Decatur.—[Decatur News.]

Mr. Crutcher's bill to exempt cotton in the hands of the producer from taxation was taken up in the house Monday and defeated by five votes, the vote standing forty-two to forty-seven. This is a sad blow to the farmers, as its passage was looked forward to as a certainty. It is one of the best bills that has been before the house this session and we are sorry to announce its defeat.—[Athens Courier.]

We see that Birmingham and other places are trying to capture the State Fair. We are utterly opposed to the removal of the State Fair from the city of Montgomery. It is the most convenient place in the State for farmers to get to, and we think the management would injure instead of mending the matter.—[Opelika Times.]

They have an agricultural organization up in Franklin county called the "Wheel." At a meeting of the wheel a few days ago one of the members charged another with stealing corn from his fields. The case was tried by the society and the corn thief found guilty and expelled from the society. Not only this, but it was ordered that his name be published in the "Wheel," the organ of the society, which was done.

The Southern Sun, of Blountsville, says: "There has been a great deal of transfers of real estate along the proposed new railroad from Birmingham to Huntsville, by this place, and what seemed a few weeks ago an impossibility now seems very probable. One of the stockholders passed through here last week on a prospecting tour, and many of our business men think the building of this road is now a certainty."

Of all the pieces of tomfoolery which ever took place in any legislature, the greatest we have yet seen is the bill introduced by Senator Graham, of Montgomery, "to protect primaries and conventions of political parties, and to prevent offenses committed thereat." It bears absurdity upon its face. What has the state to do with political parties and their deliberations?—[Montgomery News.]

### An Old Citizen Speaks.

Mr. J. M. Norris, an old resident of Rome, Ga., says that he had been badly troubled with kidney complaint for a great many years and with Ezecema for three years; at times could scarcely walk and had tried many remedies without benefit, and until he began taking Electric Bitters and anointing his hands and feet with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. This treatment afforded him great relief and he strongly recommends Electric Bitters to all who suffer with kidney complaints, or need a Blood Purifier. Sold by W. M. Nisbet.

### COL. ROBT. MCKEE.

Tenders His Resignation to Gov. Seay as Examiner of Accounts.

Yesterday, Col. Robt. McKee tendered the governor his resignation as examiner of public accounts, a position to which he was appointed only a few months ago by Gov. O'Neal.

Col. McKee's very intimate friends have known for several weeks that he made up his mind to resign and they endeavored to dissuade him from doing so, knowing his eminent fitness and peculiar qualifications for the position, but he insisted that he could "not give to the duties of this employment the time required for their performance without interference with engagements necessary to the support of his family."

The duties required of the examiner are very arduous, exacting and thankless. Properly speaking it is not a state office, but an "employment," as Col. McKee refers to it in his letter of resignation, and the governor may appoint one or a dozen competent accountants to discharge the duties as they may become necessary. But there are few men capable of doing so properly. Col. McKee is among those few. His resignation is to be regretted. Gov. Seay should reappoint him, and he may yet be prevailed on to serve in a position in his predecessor saved to the people of the state over \$25,000.—[Montgomery Dispatch.]

When the steamship Polaria was eight days out from Hamburg for New York a large eagle, of a kind seldom caught here on board, was taken to be all that you claim for it, desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and every affection of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Trial Bottles Free at W. M. Nisbet's Lung Store. Large size \$1.00. No 3

## CURRENT NOTES.

The wagon roads to Albany, N. Y., are nearly all impassable, owing to the heavy thaw of snow.

An Augusta, Ga., lawyer has defended forty-three men charged with murder and cleared forty-one.

In Boston, the other day, a tramp refused the gift of a hat because it was "too low in the crown to be in style."

The cotton crop of Arkansas has increased 150,000 bales this year. Arkansas encouraged the immigration of colored people, it is said.

The Scotch shawl, instead of overcoat, and the Highland cap and streamers make a fashionable costume worn by some New York society young men.

A farmer in Monroe county, New York, owns a 130-acre farm, from which he sold this season \$400 worth of beans, \$500 of wheat and \$1,000 of barley.

M. Stamboulloff, the statesman whom the czar is said to fear more than any other man in Bulgaria, is only a trifle over thirty-seven.

Journalists who may wish to learn how a newspaper should be managed may consult the governor of Sonora, Mexico. He had a squad of editors in prison last week for criticizing his administration.

Senator Blackburn is anxious to have Representative W. C. P. Breckinridge succeed Col. Morrison at the head of the ways and means committee when the Fifty-third congress meets.

The press dispatches announce that Colonel Dan Laumont is suffering from Washington malaria. When a man says he has Washington malaria his friends wink at each other, and tell him he ought to let up for a while.

The following is the latest from W. R. Travers, the wit on Wall street: His wife was one day giving a motto in their home which read: "God Bless Our Home." "Let me put one in the other corner," said Mr. Travers. "What is your motto?" "I would like to have it read: 'And d—n our Cook!'"

Savannah News: There is said to be a very fair prospect of a law suit between the Century Magazine Company and the new forth coming Scribner's Monthly, growing out of the claim of the Century that the Scribners have no right to attach their name to a magazine. The Century, it will be remembered, was originally known as Scribner's. Probably the main purpose of the suit, if it should be begun, would be to a little free advertising.

New York Tribune: The editors of one of our weekly contemporaries expresses herself as being severely shocked by an epistle which was lately cabled to the Tribune, and which in the hurry attendant upon daily journalism, was published without being garnished with all the asterisks to which it was entitled. The state of mind into which she has been thrown does her credit. Her indignation is as righteous as it is piping hot, but one is quite at a loss to conjecture how she came to be aware of the contents of the letter in question.

Father Phillip J. Daily, who is the head of the parish in which is located the seminary of St. Agnes for young ladies, which is attended by the daughters of prominent Catholic families of Brooklyn, has just made an attack on bangs and frizzes and has issued an order in relation thereto. They must wear their hair plain and off their foreheads and not over their eyes like a poodle, is the substance of his order. All the students transgressing will have ten. Those persisting in disobeying will be suspended. Those who obey the order will have ten points credited to them.

Macomb Telegraph: Congressman Herbert of Alabama has introduced a bill making ex-Confederates eligible to the army and navy. The bill was suggested by the fact that many southern men wanted to go down and whip Mexico during the cutting complication, but withdrew when it was discovered that they could not go as "majahs" and "cunels." It will be remembered that only this fact kept Capt. Whack Bailey from playing havoc with the reality divided by the late Montezuma family.

### Most Excellent

J. J. Atkins, Chief of Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, and every affection of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Trial Bottles Free at W. M. Nisbet's Lung Store. Large size \$1.00. No 3

## A BOOM FOR JACKSONVILLE.

### The Jacksonville, Gadsden and Attalla Railroad to be Completed.

#### Special to the Advertiser.

JACKSONVILLE, Dec. 13.—A contract was closed to-day with responsible parties by the Jacksonville, Gadsden and Attalla Railroad Company by which the contracting parties bind themselves under penalty to complete the road to Gadsden by December first next year, the work to begin at Jacksonville. The struggle for the road was great. Representatives of three companies from New York, Chattanooga and Atlanta were here on the same day endeavoring to secure the road. It is now a certain fact that the road will be built. The building of this road guarantees to Jacksonville one or more furnaces and insures a branch connection with the E. & W. railroad three miles distant, thus giving Jacksonville three railroads and making it a point with the best railroad connections of any town in this section of the State, Birmingham excepted.

### AN OVERDOSE.

Walter G. Brack, a Birmingham lawyer, accidentally kills himself.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 11.—Walter Ryals, a brilliant young lawyer of twenty-six years of age, who came here from Anniston some four months ago and was well known throughout the eastern part of this state as well as North Georgia, where he was reared, killed himself with an overdose of morphine, taken about 5 o'clock this afternoon, to cure insomnia, with which he had been suffering for some days. The doctors were called to him about 6 o'clock, but too late, as he died an hour later. His father is president of the Mercer University of Macon. A telegram has been sent to him asking what shall be done with the remains.

### Sheffield Booming.

#### Special to the Advertiser.

SHEFFIELD, Dec. 13.—Since the securing of the Columbia branch of the L. & N. to Sheffield lots have advanced from \$100 to \$200. About \$50,000 worth of the city's lots were sold to day. One hundred and ten thousand dollars worth have been sold in the last three days. The able management of Capt. Alfred Moses bringing about the great success of the "Future Great" of the South has made him many friends.

Atlanta Constitution: Senator Brown will not go to Washington until after the Christmas adjournment. His lungs are threatened more seriously than ever, and his physician demands that he go to Florida at once. Mr. Julius Brown is also ordered South because of a condition of his lungs that alarms his friends. It is probable that he will go to Cuba. Senator Brown has found Tomassville the best climate for himself and will probably spend the month there. We wish both of these distinguished invalids a speedy return to health.

Is it possible that Chattanooga may be a little jealous of Birmingham? We notice the latter mentioned twenty times in the press of the North, the West, and of Great Britain, where the former is mentioned once. Why is this? Birmingham is simply the present and future center and metropolis of the Southern iron-making region.—[Advertiser.]

Of thirteen cities in Massachusetts that have recently held municipal elections, thirteen voted against licensing liquor saloons. The great manufacturing city of Sheffield was one of them.—[Advertiser.]

Assist the child in time. Do not wait until an army of worms have been recruited and the health of the child destroyed. A few doses of Shriver's Indian Vermifuge, the infallible remedy, never fails to do the work well it used according to directions.

The Louisiana sugar industries have found that the protectionists are not their friends. Protectionists are nobody's friends, but are selfish purely.—[Montgomery Advertiser.]

Excited sister—"I wish I was a June Bug."

Parson—"What for, Sister Snow?"

Sister—"So I could fly ter der heavenly mansions."

Parson—"Fool niggah, wood-pecker ketch yer befoah you gits outen de woods."

Twenty-nine sheep, the entire flock of Mr. John Groom, were killed by dogs near the Forks of Pike, Dekalk county, a few days since.



### Beautiful Farm for Sale Cheap.

Lying within the incorporate limits of Jacksonville, Ala., half section, 320 acres, about 140 acres cleared and in cultivation, balance pine and oak timber. Has a beautiful building site, about half mile from court square. Good water of cold fresh water. The most beautiful location for a summer home or a stock farm in north Alabama. From one plantation on the place, and the land adjoining. On line of P. V. & G. R. R., and a road soon to be built between Jacksonville and Gainesville. The town of Jacksonville has good churches, good society, and is a healthy place to live in. Apply to S. T. G. HARRIS, Jacksonville, Ala., or B. F. WYLY, Jr., Atlanta, Ga. July 24-25

**PARSONS, PEARCE & KELLY,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
Will practice in all the Courts of Calhoun and Cleburne counties and in the Supreme Court of Alabama.

**RELIEF!**  
FORTY YEARS A SUFFERER FROM  
CATARRH.  
WONDERFUL TO RELATE.

"FOR FORTY YEARS I have been a victim to CATARRH—three-fourths of the time a sufferer from EXCRUCIATING PAIN ACROSS MY FOREHEAD and MY NOSE. The discharges were so offensive that I hesitate to mention it, except for the good it may do some other sufferer. I have spent a young fortune from my earnings, and have tried every medicine and remedy known to man, but to no avail. I have tried the four corners of the earth, with no relief. And AT LAST (after years of suffering) I have met with a remedy that has cured me. I have made a new man. I weighed 125 pounds and now weigh 140. I used thirteen bottles of the medicine, and the only regret I have is that being in the humble walks of life I may not have had sufficient to cure all catarrh sufferers to use what has cured me."

**Gunn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.**

"HENRY CHEVENS  
"Mr. Henry Chevén, the writer of the above formerly of Crawford county, now of Macon, Georgia, merits the confidence of all interested in catarrh."

A SUFFERER  
FLESH PRODUCER AND TONIC

**Gunn's Pioneer Blood Renewer.**

Cures all Blood and Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Old Sores. A perfect Spring Medicine. If not in your market it will be forwarded on receipt of price. Small bottles \$1.00, large \$1.50. Ready on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

**MACON MEDICINE COMPANY**  
Macon, Ga.

**Sheriff's Sale.**

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of Calhoun County, Ala., on the 25th day of August 1886, and to me directed in favor of J. L. Camp & Co., and against J. P. Ward & Co., I will proceed to sell on Thursday, the 9th day of December, 1886, to the highest bidder for cash, within the legal hours of sale, the entire stock of merchandise; also one pair of large counter scales, one pair of small counter scales, also one set of Blacksmith tools, one set shoe make tools, one set of wood-work tools, will be sold in the town of White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala., before the store house door of J. P. Ward & Co., levied on as the property of J. P. Ward & Co., to satisfy said execution. This Nov. 24th, 1886.

**M. W. WOODRUFF,**  
Sheriff.

**NOTICE NO. 5628.**

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 23d 1886.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on Jan. 10, 1887, viz: John Y. Dempsey, Homestead application No. 10839, for the S.W. 1/4 Sec. 2, T. 13 S. R. 1 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Carter C. Heavens, Levi Dempsey, James Hennes at Adelia, Ala. J. G. HARRIS, Register.

**ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.**

STATE OF ALABAMA,  
Calhoun County.  
In Probate Court for said County, Special Term Dec. 1st, 1886.  
This day came Wm. E. Mott, Jr., Guardian of Mollie E. Thompson, a minor, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his said Guardian-ship. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 7th day of December 1886 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given to three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear before me, at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 7th day of December, 1886, to contest said settlement if they think proper. J. F. CROOK,  
Judge of Probate.

**CHRISTMAS**

**AND**

**New Year's Goods,**

**HENRY A. SMITH**

ROME, GEORGIA.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

**Bookseller & Music Dealer.**

Just receiving a magnificent line of Christmas articles, such as Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Photograph and Autograph Albums, Scrap Books, Toilet Sets, Jewel Cases, China and Biscuit Toys and Ornaments, Games, Vases, China Cups and Saucers, Dolls, Christmas Tree Ornaments, Wax Candles, Lanterns, Velvet and Ebony Cabinet Picture Frames, Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books, Poetical and Gift Books, Standard and Juvenile Books, Pictures,  
Christmas Cards  
Pianos and Organs at lowest manufacturer's prices for cash or on installment. Wall paper and bordering at low prices—orders solicited.  
dec6-84

**FIRE INSURANCE.**

**I. L. SWAN AGT.**

**Jacksonville, Ala.**

**Two Good Home Companies to-wit**

**Georgia Home,**

**Central City,**

**ma 1-30**

### NOTICE NO. 5760.

LAND OFFICE, MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 30 1886.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on Jan. 10, 1887, viz: William H. Morris, Homestead application No. 10839, for the S.W. 1/4 Sec. 2, T. 13 S. R. 1 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: S. A. Fleming, Wm. Bryant, Arthur Morris, M. Thompson, all of Pecks Hill, Ala. J. G. HARRIS, Register.

**ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.**

STATE OF ALABAMA,  
Calhoun County.  
In Probate Court for said county, Special Term Nov. 11th 1886.  
This day came Hissen Browning, administrator of Estate Elias Smith, and filed in Court his account and vouchers for an annual settlement of his administration of said Estate. It is therefore ordered by the Court that the 6th day of December 1886 be and is hereby appointed the day upon which to audit and pass upon said account and make said settlement; and that notice thereof be given to three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Republican, a newspaper printed and published in said county, as a notice to all persons concerned to be and appear before me, at my office in the Court House of said county, on said 6th day of December, 1886, to contest said settlement if they think proper. J. F. CROOK,  
Judge of Probate.

**Register's Sale!**

Under and by virtue of two decrees of the Chancery Court for the 8th District of the Eastern Chancery Division of the State of Alabama, composed of the County of Calhoun rendered at the April term 1886, of said court, one in favor of S. L. Green and Seaburn Whitley, vs. B. G. McClellan and J. F. Walker, and one in favor of Rowan Dean & Co. vs. same parties, I will as Register and Master of said Court sell to the highest bidder for cash before the Court house door of said County within the hours of sale on Monday, the 3rd day of January, 1887, the following described real estate to-wit: The Southeast quarter of Section fifteen, Township fourteen, Range seven, in Coosa Land District, Calhoun County, Ala., one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, known as the Love place. Said land sold as the property of said B. G. McClellan, to satisfy said decrees.

**Wm. M. HANES,**  
Register.

**J. G. Hudson,**

**Notary Public & Ex-Officio Justice of**

**THE PEACE.**

DeArmanville, Alabama.

Courts fourth Saturday in each month. Marriage license for sale.

**laustf.**

**BOWDEN & ARNOLD,**

**ATTORNEYS AT LAW,**

**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

**WANTED**

**EMIGRANTS**

Contemplate Moving

**West to Know that the**

**GEORGIA PACIFIC R. R.**

**TEXAS AIR-LINE**

**VIA.**

**Birmingham, Ala.**

**IS THE**

**SHORTEST, QUICKEST & BEST ROUTE**

**TO**

**MISSISSIPPI,**

**LOUISIANA,**

**ARKANSAS,**

**TEXAS AND**

**THE**

**WEST AND NORTH-WEST.**

Write for low emigrant rates. Current Map of any of the West or States furnished free upon application to

**SAM R. WEBB, Passenger Agt.,**

**ALEX. S. THWEATT, Trav. Pac. Agt.,**

**ALABAMA, GA.**

**GEORGE S. BARNUM, G. P. A.,**

**Y. SAGE, Gen'l Supt.**

**JAS. HUTCHISON,**

**HAIR DRESSER AND BARBER,**

**(Jacksonville Hotel.)**

**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

**W. C. LAND,**

**WATCHMAKER,**

**And Jeweler,**

**Jacksonville, Alabama**

Will resume the Watch and Jewelry repairing on all Good Watches. A Good Stock of materials on hand at all times. Agent for the Elgin Watch Co., and agent for the Meridian Cutlery Co.

**JAMES CROOK, Jacksonville, Ala.**

**S. D. G. BROTHERS, Jacksonville, Ala.**

**CROOK, BROTHERS & WILLETT,**

**Attorneys at Law,**

**Jacksonville and Anniston.**

**NOTICE NO. 5675.**

LAND OFFICE AT MONTGOMERY, ALA., Oct. 25th 1886.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge of the Circuit Court at Jacksonville, Ala., on Jan. 10, 1887, viz: William T. Kirby Homestead application No. 10839, for the S.W. 1/4 Sec. 2, T. 13 S. R. 1 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Jerry N. Rhodes, Bennett Noah, Thomas Rich, George Gore, all of Jacksonville, Ala. J. G. HARRIS, Register.

**B. F. Wilson,**

**Attorney at Law,**

**TALLADEGA, ALA.**

Will practice in the counties of Talladeega, Calhoun and all surrounding counties.

**Jas. S. Kelly.**

**Notary Public and Ex-Officio**

**JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,**

**At Oxford, Ala.**

**Courts 2nd Saturday in each month.**

**THIS WEEK**  
**WE CAN INTEREST YOU IN ALL KINDS**  
Oratables, Cabbages, Sweet Potatoes, Irish Potatoes, Sausage of the best quality to made of HOG meat. Apples, the finest in town. Oranges just from Florida.  
**Flour, Hams, Bacon.**  
**Meal, Tobacco**  
From 10c per Plug to B. J. Graveley's Extra. Cigars of all grades, Canned goods in great variety, and

**BOTTOM PRICES.**  
Sugar 15 lbs to the Dollar. The very best quality of Coffee. Cheese 12 1/2, 15 and 20 cts. per pound. Also a good assortment of Crockery, Glassware and Hardware. We have just received an elegant line of Jewelry which we

**GUARANTEE AS REPRESENTED.**  
Also a full line of Stationery, Nice Box Paper in great abundance. Don't forget that we are

**Headquarters**  
For Candies and Presents, Toys, &c. We have 10,000 feet of M. & D. flooring and ceiling, also Buggies and Harness. Remember we will deliver anything to the amount of \$1.00 or over to any part of town at 4, n. m. We desire your TRADE, and are

**Anxious to Please You.**  
CALL AND SEE US,  
**Porter, Martin & Co.,**  
Brick Store, S. W. Cor. Public Square.

**A. L. STEWART & BRO.,**  
Jacksonville, Ala.,

**NEW,**  
**BRIGHT,**  
**TASTEFUL.**

Just receiving an elegant stock of the Latest and most Fashionable Goods. Staple Goods of every description, at prices that will bear competition from any point.  
Boots, Shoes, nice stock of Ready Made Clothing, Crockery, Hardware, and everything kept in a

**General Variety Store.**  
Family Groceries of all kinds. Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Canned Goods etc. etc. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

**DR. J. C. FRANCIS,**  
DEALER IN  
**PURE FRESH DRUGS,**  
(NORTHWEST CORNER PUBLIC SQUARE)  
**JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA.**

Has just received a large stock of pure Drugs of all kinds. Stock fully up to the requirements of the market. He knows from long experience the wants of the community, and in his selection of stock, has endeavored to meet every requirement.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**  
Loans at most favorable rates on

**Farm Lands**  
as security. Loans made on no other security whatever.

Parties desiring to borrow should apply in person for rates, and bring all the deeds they have in possession relating to the land offered as security.

Money loaned at cheaper rates than the banks offer, on three and five years' time, payable in annual installments or at end of time, as parties may desire, in Calhoun and Cleburne counties.

**H. L. STEVENSON.**  
Oct. 23th

**MONEY TO LAON.**  
Loans at most favorable rates on

**FARM LANDS**  
as security. Loans made on no other security whatever.

Parties desiring to borrow should apply in person for rates, and bring all the deeds they have in possession relating to the land offered as security.

Money loaned at cheaper rates than the banks give, on three and five years, in annual installments, in

**Calhoun, Cleburne,**  
**Etowah, Cherokee**  
**and St. Clair**  
**counties.**

**L. W. GRANT.**

**B. G. McCLELEN,**  
County Surveyor,  
Alexandria, Ala.

**New Family Grocery.**

The undersigned has opened, in the brick store room of Judge Walker on the south side of the public square, a full line of

**STAPLE**  
**AND**

**Fancy Groceries,**

consisting of Bacon, Flour, Bran, Sugar, Coffee, Mackerel, Canned goods, Confections, Quince, and a hundred other articles of necessity and luxury, which he designs offering at such reasonable prices as to invite custom.

**Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff.**

**T. M. Blacking.**  
A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

**Call and See Me.**  
may 2-1f  
**F. M. DAVIS.**

**SEED**  
**ANNUAL**  
**FOR 1886.**

Will be sent FREE to all applicants, on request, to the undersigned, to be returned last year without ordering it. It contains about 180 pages, full illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and directions for planting all varieties of VEGETABLES, FLOWERS, FRUIT, and FORESTRY, to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it to D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Michigan.

**FORNEY'S**  
**MILL.**

**Two Miles South**  
**OF**  
**JACKSONVILLE.**

This property, known as the old Stevenson Mill, has recently been thoroughly overhauled and renewed, and is now prepared to serve the public. Good out-turn of excellent flour and corn meal.

In connection with the Mill a new gin house has been erected, furnished with new and excellent Improved Taylor Gin. Cotton ginned for the twentieth.

The undersigned has ten years experience as a miller in some of the best mills of the State and will guarantee satisfaction to patrons. Give the new mill and gin a trial.

A team will be run between Jacksonville and the Mill, and for every 36 lbs of corn 45 lbs of meal will be returned.

**G. S. KLEIN.**

**State Normal**  
**SCHOOL**  
**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

This school, established for the training of teachers, opens with enlarged faculty and increased facilities on Monday August 30th 1886. In connection with the Normal Department, and as auxiliary to it, a thorough course of primary and academic instruction is open to all. Music, both Vocal and Instrumental, and Art, will be taught by first-class instructors.

**FACULTY:**  
C. B. GIBSON, A. M., President, Prof. Mathematics and Foreign Languages.  
REV. O. R. BOURNE, Professor of English and Natural Sciences.  
MISS FANNIE E. PAYNE, Normal Studies and Free Hand Drawing.  
MISS LETTIE R. DOWDELL, Grammar School Studies, French and Latin.  
MRS. IDA J. WOODWARD, Principal Primary Department.  
MISS MARIE DUPLISSIS, Teacher of Music.

**RATES OF TUITION.**  
Normal Department: High School Department: Free  
Junior Class: \$2.00 per month  
Senior Class: 3.00 " "  
Intermediate Department: 2.00 " "  
Class No. 1: 2.00 " "  
Class No. 2 and No. 3: 1.25 " "  
Primary Department: 75 " "  
Tuition to children of licensed ministers of the Gospel, FREE

**TERMS:**—Quarterly in advance. In no instance will a pupil's name be entered upon the roll until the tuition for ensuing quarter has been paid. This rule will be rigidly carried out.

**BOARD:**—Students can obtain good board with the best families in Jacksonville at from \$8.00 to \$12.50 per month, according to accommodations required. By messing together, living may be brought down even below these figures. Young men who wish to try this plan will be furnished with excellent quarters free of charge.

**ATTENDANCE:**—The attendance on the school during the past session was upwards of two hundred pupils. It is confidently expected that it will be much larger next session.

**C. B. GIBSON, A. M.,**  
President Faculty.

**aug 21st**

**SCOTT'S**  
**EMULSION**

**OF PURE COD LIVER OIL**  
**And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda**

Almost as Palatable as Milk.  
The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and absorbed for a long time by delicate stomachs.

AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, RHEUMATISM, GENERAL DEBILITY, COLIC AND THICKENED BRONCHUS, AND ALL WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN IT IS UNRIVALLED IN ITS RESULTS.

In the country and endorsed by the MEDICAL OPINION of the highest authorities.

Sole Importers for the United States, Adams, Scott & Co., New York, N. Y.

**CALDWELL, HAMES & CALDWELL**  
**Attorneys at Law,**  
**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

**GRAND**  
**CLOSING OUT SALE**  
FROM THIS DAY ON OF THE  
**ANNISTON CLOTHING COMPANY**

Having purchased the entire stock of Ready Made Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Shirts and a fine line of Gents Furnishing Goods of Mr. W. H. WILLIAMS at a

**Sweeping Reduction for the Cash**

we offer the same at prices below the Manufacturer's cost. This is a chance to buy fine goods for less than half their value. We are determined to close out the entire stock at once.

**THEY MUST AND WILL BE SOLD**  
Merchants will do well to examine our stock as we will sell them for less than Manufacturer's prices. Call early and secure bargains at the old price of

**W. H. WILLIAMS**  
**Prop'r Anniston Clothing Company.**  
ULLMAN BROS., Proprietors

sept 11-1f

**NOW RECEIVING**  
and in stock, a very large lot of

**Standard Prints, 5cts Yard Cas**

A fine display of

**White Goods, Dres**  
**Goods, Lawns &c.**  
select stock of

**Gents' Ready-Made Clothing**  
of latest styles, at remarkably

**LOW PRICES.**  
Most attractive lot of all kinds of goods ever before offered by us and

**LOWER PRICES.**  
apr 24-1f  
**ROWAN, DEAN & CO.**

**J. T. NUNNELLY.**  
**J. J. SKELTON.**

**NUNNELLY & SKELTON,**  
**UNDERTAKERS**

Will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Coffins, Caskets, Burial Robes &c. Prompt attention will be given to all orders. Place business East side of public square, Jacksonville, Ala.

sept 19-1f  
**NUNNELLY & SKELTON**

**A. M. LANDERS,**  
**Dry Goods & Grocery Store**

**SOUTHWEST CORNER DEPOT STREET,**  
**Jacksonville, Ala.**

Now in stock and constantly arriving a full line of Staple and Fancy Goods, Family Groceries, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Hardware, Earthen Glassware, and everything else kept in a general variety store. Cotton seed and farm products generally taken in payment of debts to the Good line of goods sold at fair prices. Give me a call.

**JUST RECEIVED**  
The fullest, finest and cheapest stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERY, HARDWARE, CROCKERY &c., we have handled.

**BARGAINS.**  
In every line of goods. Stock fresh and of the very latest styles in Dry Goods department. Highest market price paid for cotton. Don't give us a bid on your cotton.

**FINE LOT OF**  
**READY-MADE CLOTHING RECEIVED**  
ORDERS TAKEN AND SUITS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE

**REMEMBER THE PLACE**  
**CROW BROS.**  
Brick Corner, N. E. Side Public Square

**JACKSONVILLE, ALA.**

**E. G. MORRIS & SON**  
MORRISVILLE, ALABAMA,

Founders and Machinists and Practical Mill-wrights.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

**MORRIS TURBINE WATER WHEEL**

Superior in many points to any other wheel now manufactured.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

**Mill Machinery, Bolting Cloths, Pulley**  
**Gearing, Belting Couplings Shafting &c**

AGENTS FOR THE

**EUREKA WHEAT CLEANING MACHINE**

Our Mr. E. G. Morris, senior member of the firm, has an experience of forty-three years as a practical mill-wright and has given the highest satisfaction wherever he has undertaken work. The firm will take contracts for new work or repairs on Water Powers generally. Estimates furnished free.

We refer to any parties using our Wheel as to its durability, efficiency and simplicity of parts. It is composed of very few parts and is cheaper than any other first-class wheel on the market. All work given us, is completed with dispatch and satisfaction guaranteed. Orders and correspondence solicited.







and sold. Stock boarded at reasonable rates. Prices in keeping with stringency of the times.